#### **MEMORANDUM**

AND

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

## S & T CORPORATION LIMITED

AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER



प्रारूप आई. आर Form I. R. निगमन का प्रमाण-पत्र

#### CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

ar.

No. 33178 of 1984

में एतद्ब्दारा प्रमाणित करता हूं कि आज

कम्पनी अधिनियस 1956 (1956 का 1) के अधिन निगमित की गई है और यह कम्पनी परिसोमित है।

I hereby certify that RAS MARKETING & EXPORTS PRIVATE LIMITED is this day incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 (No 1 of 1956) and that the Company is Limited.

मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज ता.

NAMED BY DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

Given under my hand at BOMBAY this EIGHTEENTH day of JUNE One thousand nine hundred and EIGHTYFOUR.



Sd/-(V. GOVINDAN) कम्पनी का रजिस्ट्रार Registrar of Companies

FOR S & T CORPORATION LTD. Director

# NO. 11 - 33178 FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME

IN THE OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, MAHARSHTRA, BOMBAY.

In the matter of . RAS MARKETING & EXPORTS PRIVATE LTD.

I hereby approve and signify in writing under section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956 (Act I of 1956) read with the Government of India, Department of Company Affairs, Notification No.

G.S.R. 507E dated the 24th June 1985 the change of name of the company from RAS MARKETING & EXPORTS PRIVATE LIMITED

to

MANAV YARN PRODUCTS PRIVATE LIMITED

and I hereby certify that RAS MARKETING & EXPORTS PRIVATE LIMITED which was originally incorporated on EIGHTEENTH day of June 1984 under the \*\* Companies Act, 1956 and under the name RAS MARKETING & EXPORTS PRIVATE LIMITED. having duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of section 21/22(1) (a) /22 (1) (b) of the Companies Act, 1956 the name of the said company is this day changed to

"MANAY YARN PRODUCTS PRIVATE LIMITED"
and this certificate is issued pursuant to section 23 (1) of the said Act.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AT BOMBAY THIS EIGHTH DAY OF
AUGUST 1991 (One thousand nine hundred ninety one)



Sd/-

(H.S.SHARMA)

ADDL. REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

MAHARASHTRA, BOMBAY.

Note

1.\* Here give the name of the company as existing prior to change.

2.\*\* Here give the name of the Act(s) under which company was originally registered and incorporated.

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY TO PORT OF THE PROPERTY OF

#### No.11-33178

CERTIFICATE OF CHANGE OF NAME UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956.

in the matter of MANAV YARN PRODUCTS PRIVATE LIMITED

I do hereby certify that pursuant to the provisions of section 23 of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Special Resolution passed by the company at its Extraordinary General Meeting on 27TH FEBRUARY, 1992 the name of MANAV YARN PRODUCTS PRIVATE LIMITED has this day been changed to MANAV YARN PRODUCTS LIMITED And that the said company has been duly incorporated as a company under the provisions of the said Act.

Dated this TWENTY-THIRD day of MARCH One thousand nine hundred and ninety two.



Sd/-(V.C. DAVEY) ADDL, REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, MAHARASHTRA, BOMBAY.

For 5 8 THEOREGATION LIDE OF Director

(Section 18(1) of the Companies Act, 1956)

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF SPECIAL RESOLUTION PASSED FOR ALTERATION OF OBJECTS IN THE OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES MAHARASHTRA, MUMBAI.

#### MANAV YARN PRODUCTS LIMITED.

having by Special Resolution passed on 2/02/2006 altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to its objects, and a copy of the said resolution having been filed with this office on 17/02/2006

I hereby certify that the Special Resolution passed on 02/02/2006 together with the printed copy of the Memorandum of Association has this day been registered.

Given under my hand at MUMBAI this TENTH day of

MARCH TWO THOUSAND SIX.



(M. V. CHAKRANARAYAN)

Dy. Registrar of Companies,

Maharashtra, Mumbai.

CERTIFIED TELT CORY For G B T CORPORATION LIDER

Director.

# FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME IN THE OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, MAHARASHTRA, MUMBAI.

In the matter of

MANAV YARN PRODUCTS LIMITED

I hereby approve and signify in writing under section 21 of the Companies

Act, 1956 (Act of 1956) read with the Government of India, Department of

Company Affairs, Notification No. G.S.R. 507E dated the 24<sup>th</sup> June 1985

the change of name of the Company:

from MANAV YARN PRODUCTS LIMITED

to S & T CORPORATION LIMITED

and I hereby certify that

MANAV YARN PRODUCTS LIMITED

which was originally incorporated on EIGHTEENTH day of

JUNE 1984 under the Companies Act, 1956 (No. I of 1956) and under the name

RAS MARKETING & EXPORTS PRIVATE LIMITED.

having duly passed necessary resolution in terms of section 21 of the Companies

Act, 1956 the name of the said Company is this day changed to

S & T CORPORATION LIMITED

and this certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given under my hand at Mumbai this TENTH day of MARCH

TWO THOUSAND SIX.



(M. V. CHAKRANARAYAN)

Dy. Registrar of Companies,
Maharashtra, Mumbai.

FOR S B-T CORPORATION LTD.

Director

## MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF S&T CORPORATION LIMITED

(Company Limited by shares incorporate under Companies Act, 2013)

- I. The Name of the Company is "S&T CORPORATION LIMITED".
- **II.** The Registered office of the company is situated in the State of **Maharashtra** (**Mumbai**).

## \*\* III(A) THE MAIN OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION ARE:

- 1. To carry on the business in India or abroad, as civil contractor, infrastructure development contractors and engineers and civil engineers, electrical engineers, mechanical engineers, architects, interior decorators, consultants and to construct, acquire, develop, establish, consult, provide, maintain, administer, or otherwise undertake contract for any type of civil construction, infrastructure development works mining operations, road construction erection, lay out, repair, demolition of work of highway, subway, underground tunnels, runways, flyovers, bridges, freeways, reclamations, buildings, apartments, reservoirs, gardens, recreation facilities, power transmission lines, factory sites, RCC systems, drainage sewage systems, air field in India and/or abroad under various schemes such as Build Operate and Transfer, Build Operate Lease and Transfer(BOLT) and Build Operate Own and Transfer (BOOT) andto construct, sell, lease, license, sublet, mortgage, exchange, transfer, or otherwise dispose of /or residential offices, industrial institutional or commercial or developers of housing schemes, townships, holiday homes, resorts, hotels, motels, auditoriums and maintaining and rehabilitation of all types of structures, flats, houses, factories, shopping complexes, garages, warehouses, buildings, works, workshops, hospitals, nursing homes, clinics, godowns and other commercial and educational purposes.
- 2. To do the business to acquire build, construct, alter, maintain, enlarge pull down, remove or replace and to work, manage and control any buildings, offices, factories workshops, machinery engines for business.
- 3. To do the business of trading of architectural fittings, architectural panels, doors, windows, or staircase fittings, domestics or industrial furniture, grills, gates, or any other fabricated material used in construction of buildings. These may be made from steel, anodized or un-anodized aluminum, wood, sponge, plastic, rubber or other material.
- 4. To enter into contracts, agreements and arrangements with any other company, licenses, persons, firms, trust, or any other party whether in India and abroad for the carrying outby such other company or party on behalf of the company of any of the objects for which the company is founded.
- 5. To enter into any arrangement with any state or the Union Government or Authority, Municipal or Local Authorities or other persons or firms or otherwise that may seem conducive to the attainment of the company's objects or any of them and to apply for and to obtain or to purchase or otherwise acquire from any such Government, Municipalor Local authorities or other persons of firms all monopolies, right, concession, license, grants, decrees, sanctions powers and privileges whatsoever which the company may think beneficial or desirable to obtain and to carry out exercise and comply with any such arrangements, right, privileges and concession for the benefit of this company.

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Main Object clause upto point no.11 was adopted in substitution & in lieu of the existing main clause in Memorandum of Association as approved by the members by passing Special Resolution at Annual General Meeting held on 05 August, 2022.

- 6. To acquire by purchase, lease, or concession, grant, license, or otherwise such lands, buildings, water- works, plant, machinery, stock-in-trade, stores, rights, privileges, easements, and other property as may from time to time be deemed necessary for carrying on of the business of the company, and to build or erect upon any land of the company, howsoever acquired such factories, workshops, warehouses, offices, residences, and other buildings, and to erect such machinery and construct such roadways, tramways, bridges, reservoirs, water courses, hydraulic works, and other works and conveniences as may be deemed necessary for the purpose of the company and to hold any property either in India or abroad.
- 7. To carry on the business, namely spinners, doublers, combers, scourers, weavers, knitters finishers, bleachers, dyers and printers and manufacturers of yearn textiles fabrics whether made from cotton, wool, silk, raw silk, nylon, terrylene and any other natural, synthetic, man-made or fibrous substance or material whether natural, pure or mixed or blended with one another or otherwise and whether woven or non-woven andof buying, selling, importing, exporting and dealing in yarn cloth, fabrics, linen and other goods and merchandise made therefrom and generally to carry on the business ofcloth, textile, linen and fabric merchant, bleachers, dyers, makers of vitriol bleaching and dyeing materials, and also to manufacture and deal in synthetics fibers other man-made fibers, natural fibers and fibers products.
- 8. To gin, press, pack or clean cotton, wool, hemp, jute or other substances by steam or motive powers, as may be required in connection with the objects of the company.
- 9. To carry on the business of furriers, haberdashers, hosiers, manufacturers, importers and wholesale and retail dealers of and in textile fabrics of all kinds, milliners, dress- makers, tailors, batters, clothiers, glovers, lace manufacturers and feather dressers.
- 10. To carry on the business or businesses of import and export of spinning, weaving, combing, manufacturing, darning, preparing, packing, bleaching dyeing, colouring, processing, finishing, selling, and buying or dealing in cotton, staple, silk, and other fibrous and synthetic substances including waste and raw wool tops.
- 11. To aid, assist and finance any industrial undertakings, projects, enterprises whether owned or run by Government of Maharashtra or any other State or/and Centre Government, firm or individual for extension of its work and business.
- 12. To carry on the Business as importer, exporter, dealer & trader of chemical & chemicalcompounds of all kind.
- 13. To carry on Business as trader, importer, exporter and to act as purchasing, selling or commission agents or liason agents.

## III(B). THE OBJECTS INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLARY TO THE ATTAINMENTOF THE MAIN OBJECTS:

14. To carry on the business as builders and general construction contracts and own, sell, acquire, process, develop, construct, demolish, enlarge, rebuild, renovate, decorate, repair, maintain, let out, hire, lease, rent pledge, mortgage, invest intermediaries or otherwise deal in construction of all description like buildings flats, shops, commercial, educational and noncommercial complexes, houses and other structures like BOT projects of Funicular Railway and Ropeways.

- 15. To carry on the India or elsewhere the business of ,manufactures, importers, exporters, processors, fabricators, drawer, rollers and re-rollers of ferrous and non-ferrous metals, steels, alloys steels special and Stainless steels, all kind of casting, shifting bars, M. S.Ears, rods, flats, squires from scrap, sponge, iron reproduced, pillars, billets, ingots, including manufacturing, processing and fabricating of pipes, utensils, wire nails, wire ropes, wire products, screws, expanded metal hinges, plates, sheets strips, hoops, circles, and angles:
- 16. To carry on the business of hotel, restaurant, café tavern, beer-house, refreshment-roomand lodging house keepers, licensed victualisers, purveyors, caterers, for public amusement, variety product.
- 17. To carry on the business as manufacturers , processors, packers, converters, traders, importers, exporters, dealers, wholesalers, and retailers in all kind of wood press, wood,ply-wood, paper, pulp, broad, plastic, films, P. V. C. Resins, rubber, leather polymer, thermosetting and thermoplastic materials, (synthetic and natural original , metal folls other, flexible, treated, laminated and waxed materials.
- 18. To carry on the business of financing or assists in financing or advancing money by way of short terms or long terms loans and credits of every description to any person or persons, company or corporation, society or association with or without security, enabling the persons acquire any moveable or immovable properties, to enlarge or repair any house or portions thereof or to purchase any machinery or equipments for the purpose of the business or otherwise.
- 19. To carry on the business of manufactures, exporters, importers and dealers in Computers, hardware, software and other related equipments or machineries for the purpose of establishing of providing, importing, exporting or otherwise dealing in any kind of date processing data entry, data preparation and to act as consultants and provide technical know-how and any kinds of services or advice of training in technology ,system analysis and experiment.
- 20. To carry on the business of manufacturing, exporters, importers, and dealers in all typeof electronic devices, components, equipments, and appliances, including television, Telecommunication Audio, Video, Radio, Tape recorders, Fax machines, broadcastingand reception equipments used in and for audio and visual communications digital andother electronic clocks time relays, automatics calculators, Capacitors, resistance, condensers, semi conductors and allied items intended for and used in electronics devices.
- 21. To carry on business of buying, selling, importing, exporting, producing, processing, manufacturing and dealing in all foodstuffs and food products of every description, whether for human animal or poultry and piggery consumption, all agriculture and dairy products, all sorts, of canned, bottled, dehydrated, frozen or otherwise, processed or unprocessed articles of food and drinks.
- 22. To carry on the business as manufactures, refiners, exporters, importers, and dealers, inchemicals, industrial chemicals, petro-chemicals, synthetic, chemicals, rubber chemicals solvents, intermediates, alkanets, acids, photographic chemicals, dye-stuffs, and chemicals products may be derived, produced, prepared, developed, compounded made manufactured there from and substances obtained by mixing any of the foregoing with the other substances.
- 23. To carry on the business of leasing giving on hire purchase, lending, selling, reselling, or otherwise disposing of all forms of immoveable and moveable properties and assetsincluding buildings, go downs, warehouse and real estate of any kind all types of industrial office and other plant, equipment and machinery including heavy or medium industrial machinery, computers, electronic and electrical apparatuses, air conditioners, domestics equipments and appliances all type of vehicles.

- 24. To carry on the business of Tanners and manufactures of and debentures leathers, hides, skins, and rubber for mill requirements including leather, fancy leather, crome leathers, fat liquors, grease, tallow, tanning extracts and such materials as a required for leatherindustries.
- 25. To carry on the business as manufacturers, importers, exporters, indenters, dealers and suppliers of polymer, polymer chemicals, polymer materials, articles goods, substances, compounds, intermediates, made from the same, Synthetic Rubbers, Plastic Rubbers, Plastics Rubber and Plastic produces and compounds, solvents plasticizers, carbon, black, synthetic, materials, nylon polystyrenes, polycarbonate, poly propylene and polymer rubber and plastic material.
- 26. To carry on business of manufactures, refiners, finisher, importers, exporters, buyers, sellers, and dealers, in Ceramics products, Refractories, potteries, Enamel Wares, stonewares, clay wares marble products, stone products, bricks, tiles, all kind of ceramic.
- 27. To carry on the business of brewers, distillers, rectifiers, mathylators, molesters and tomanufacture, import, export and deal in beers, country and foreign wines, sprits and liquors, commercial, industrial and absolute, alcohol, rectified, mentholated and sweetsprits, minerals and aerated waters.
- 28. To carry on the business as travel and tourist contractors and agents in general and to organize tours and excursion, whether religious, educational, sightseeing business or otherwise whether in India or abroad and to provide services of booking tickets, circulartickets, sleeping cars or berths for all modes of travel, hotel places, brooding and or lodging, accommodation.
- 29. To manufacture, extract, process, buy, sell, distribute, import, export, or otherwise dealin all kinds of edible and noon-edible oils, oil, seeds, oilcakes, manures and fertilizers, bran, textured proteins, proteins, concentrates, protein isolates, lecithin, glycerin, all kind of nuts, seeds, and substances, oil bearing proteins, and all kind food stuff used forthe consumption by human being and animals.
- 30. To carry on the business of investment company and to investment in and acquire andhold and otherwise deal in shares stock.
- 31. To carry on the business as manufacturers, processors, repairers, wholesalers, retailers, stockiest, importers, exporters, and dealers in all type of foot ware and shoes, such as boots, chapels, slippers, and foot ware accessories such a heel, soles, buckles, belts, protectors, bands, straps, hoot laces, boot-polishers, packing, including hand gloves ofleather and leather dresses.
- 32. To carry on business of advertising and publicity, Marketing and Propaganda Agents and Advisers to Manufactures, Traders and Dealers and promote the sale of their products and services though various, media, such as news papers, periodicals, magazines, journals, cinemas point of sale publicity, direct mall publicity display, units.
- 33. To carry on the business as interior decorators and furnishers, for industry, trade, commerce and domestic requirements and for the purpose to buy, acquire, manufacture, produce, import, export use, consume, hire, sell, let on hire, distribute, otherwise dispose off furniture, household wares, fixture, false ceiling flooring electrical installation and equipments, lighting, electrical, arrangements, air conditioning and refrigeration and to render services or undertake contracts, for maintaining, re- decorating or renovating the same.

- 34. To establish, manage, administer, own and to carry on the business of running hospitals, medicals complex, clinics, planning centers, diagnostics centers, and to provide best possible care and latest treatment and cures under prominent Doctors of Medicals and Para-Medicals Complete assisted by lasted equipments with Annual Complete MedicalCheckup and services to the patients, invalids, members and others.
- 35. To carry on the Business of printers, process, Block Makers, Plata makers, photolithographers, chromo-lithographers, type founders, lithotyper, printing an line and rubber block printers, engravers, diesinkers, designers, photographers, phototypesetters, offset, printers, color effect printers, scanning and automatics pager makers.
- 36. To carry on business of warehousemen, custodians, and to establish, warehouses, storage, rooms, god owns, cold storage, bins, and to provide facilities for storage of commodities, merchandise, articles and things of any description and to make arrangements for clearing, forwarding, transporting, removal and distribution of goods, stored and also to act as packers, haulers, transport, cartage and haulage contractors.
- 37. To carry on the business of buying and selling, sawing, cutting, polishing, preparing formarket, importing, exporting and dealing in pearls, gems, diamonds, industrial diamondpaste, all kind of diamond jewellery and semi precious stones.
- 38. To carry on the business of manufacturing, processing folding, decardizing., calendaring, buying, selling, importing, distributing and dealing in synthetic and synthetic fibers and blends, both with natural and made and artificial fibers, polyester, polyimide, acrylic, poly propylene, filament yearns of polypropylene, poly Ethylene, Nylon, plastic, fibers, and other synthetic fibers.
- 39. To carry on the business of shipping ship owners, ship or submarine, designers/constructors, dock owners, tug owners, barge owners, stevedores, dock owners, tug owners, barge owners, stevedores, managers of shipping, property, lightermen, wharfingers, silvers, shipbuilders, ship repairers, cargo superintendents, customs, agents, forwarding and commission agents, fright, transport and haulage contractors, carriers by inland sea, and transport, of passengers, malls, troops, and merchandise of all kinds, ice inerchants refrigerating store keepers, warehousemen, marine insurance and marine accident insurance brokers, and to comfort sea pollution.
- 40. To carry on the business of motion picture, exhibitors, producers, and for those purposeto construct or acquire cinemas, studios, offices, locations, properties, apparatus, sounds and recording apparatus, lighting apparatus, and all other apparatus, and machinery for the production of motion picture producers.
- 41. To carry on the business of transport, cartage, and haulage, contractors, carries, hailers, packers, removers, clearing, forwarding and shipping agents, wharfingers, and to made handle cargo, goods, luggage, fright and parcels, whether commercial or otherwise to and from any carry of the world, whether by sea, rail or air and to carry on the businessof public carriers.
- 42. To carry on the business of timber, growers, saw, mill proprietors, timber, merchants, and to buy sell, grow, prepare for market, manipulate, import, export and deal in timberand wood of all kinds, wood products, plywood, block boards, chip, boards, fiber boards, decorative boards, compregueted woods, laminates., flesh doors, furniture and all kind of board and veneers, resins, and to manufacture and deal in articles in the manufacture of which timber, wood or plywood is used, including its products, and byproducts, such as furniture, fittings, fixtures, decorational articles and picture frames.

- 43. To carry on the business of fisheries in any, manner, exploiting and deriving benefits from under water sources on or off any coast or out at sea (including deep seal) or the rivers (including estuaries) or inland waters in India and elsewhere and to undertake the exploration of marine and elsewhere and to undertake the exploration of marine, shipsand boats as well as by indigenous and foreign methods.
- 44. To manufacture, assemble, buy, sell, distributing, import, export, alter, remodel, hire, exchange, repair, service and deal, in buses, bus bodies, motor vehicles, passengers, cars, jeeps, chassis, motor vans, modular vans, integral coaches, tippers, dumpers, firefighting vans, ambulances school buses, executive vans, oil tankers, chemical carriers, carriers, earth movers, luxury coaches, air conditioned vans, milk vans, cash vans, refrigerated vans, postal vans, security vans, mobile dispensaries, mobile restaurant vans, caravans, and all the present and future types of auto vehicles.
- 45. To carry on the business of buying, selling, exporting, importing, processing and manufacturing of all type of industrial gases such as oxygen, hydrogen and in any otherfrom and to supply, refill and distributes gases, electricity for heating or power purposeand for types industries.
- 46. To purchase or otherwise acquire, manufacture, refine, treat, reduce, distill, blend, smelt, experiment distribute, sell, import, export, trade and deal all kind of petroleum and petroleum, products, oil, gas, and other volatile, substances, lubricating base oils, and other volatile feed stocks, asphalt, ozokerite, surplus, clays, bite men, bituminous, substances, carbon, carbon, black, hydrocarbon and minerals substances.
- 47. To carry on business of manufacture of and deal in anodizing electroplating, electro polishing, photographic, equipments, metals, labels, badges, name, plats, blocks, signboards, geometrical instruments, dials, slides, rules, calendars, and materials of similar nature slides, rules, calendars, and materials, of similar, nature and too act as anodizing and electroplating engineering.
- 48. To carry on business of repairing retreating vulcanizing, altering, improving tyres, semi-tyres, and tubes of all kinds of and every description for use in different types vehicle including buses, omnibuses, caravans, trucks, lorries, automobiles, motor, cycles, tractors, airplanes, space shuttle, carriers, and armored, cars.
- 49. To carry on the business as merchants, traders, agents, commission, agents, buying andselling, agents, brokers, adatias, buyers, sellers, importers, exporters, dealers, suppliers, manufactures, representative, or in any other capacity in India or elsewhere and to import, export, buy, sell, barter, exchange, pledge, mortgage, advance, upon, or otherwise, trade, and deal, on goods, produce, article, and company, firm association, of persons, body, whether incorporate, or not, individuals, or any local authority.
- 50. To carry on the business as house land and estate agents, and to arrange or undertake the sale and purchase, assist in selling or undertake the sale or introduce purchase or vendors, of and to mortgage land building and other property, whether belonging to the Company or not and to let any portion of any premises for residential trade or business purpose or other private or public purpose and to collect rents and income andto supply to tenants and occupiers, and other refreshments, attendance, clubs, public, halls, messengers, right, waiting, rooms, reading rooms, meeting rooms, lavatories, laundry conveniences, electric, conveniences, garage, stables and other advantages.
- 51. To carry on the business as manufactures of and dealers in cement and reinforced cement products in the nature of cement pipes, cement jallis, mosaic tiles, spun pipes, cement slates, cement pre-fabricated building materials, earthen and proscenia pipes sanitary wares, bricks, and all other product and by products of cement.

- 52. To carry on the business as buyers, sellers, importers, exporters, and manufactures of all kind of articles, of wearing apparel garments and dress and household out domesticand other item fabrics, and materials made out of all Textile and readymade of made to measure garments, draper and hosters, clothiers, dress makers, costumiers, dress, agents, tailors, and out officers, and all articles of wearing attire for personal or household use, decoration or ornament.
- 53. To carry on the business of a steam and general laundry and to wash, clean, purify scour, bleach, wring, dry, Iron, color, dye, disinfect, renovate, and prepare for use all articles of wearing apparel household, domestic and other cotton, silk and woolen, fabrics, repairs, darner and to buy sell, manufacture and prepare for market washing materials, and all other requisites needed for all or any of the above purposes and deal in all or any of the foregoing.
- 54. To carry on all the business of recording, reproducing duplicating and processing on video cassettes, video-grams video discs and other such other media all type of films and feature including Documentaries, India and Foreign dances, India or Foreign features films of places of Tourist interest and Historical importance, India cultural features such as festival and the like and similar objects for viewing on Television set and /or for viewing /exhibition in cable T. V. Video parlors and any other such place and distribute video films, serials, documentaries of all types.
- 55. To carry on the business of manufactures, exporters, importers, and dealers, in fire fighting / protection equipments of all sizes, fire control systems, and allied equipment and machines apparatus, and other devices to be equipped with modern technology used for protection from fire or against fire fighting for various applications like defense space consumer domestic and commercial uses in connection therewith and to act a technical and engineers, in the field of fire protection or firefighting.
- 56. To provide consultancy services related to the preparation and maintenance of accounting, statistical scientific or mathematical information and reports date processing programming, collecting, storing processing programming, collecting storing processing and transmitting, information date of every kind of and description, systems, analysis, and machine services for solving or aiding commercial industrial, scientific and research problems and for all other related and for all other related business.
- 57. To carry on the business of poultry farming, layer breeding and producing of poultry products, and for this purpose to set of hatcheries and to grow poultry and livestock ofall genres, productions, and maintenance of pure livestock of broiler breeders, processing, units, including the business of processing marketing and dealing in meat processed and unprocessed articles of food, protein foods, and food products whether tinned, canned bottled, dehydrated, deep, frozen or otherwise, either in its prepared, manufactured or raw state and either by whole or retail as may be from poultry processing.
- 58. To carry on business of manufacturing, selling, designing, re-selling, assembling, importing, exporting, buying, distributing, dealing as original equipments, manufactures as also a jobbing industry basis and in any other capacity all and every kind of machineries, machine tools, component parts, replacement parts, spare parts, accessories, tools, implements, and fittings of all kind of including mechanical, scientific & industrial equipments, instruments, tool, components spare parts dies, in other item machine, watch and other engineering goods required in the trade of activities.

- 59. To carry on the business of waterproofing and asphalting contractors and for that purpose to undertake and carry on out waterproofing jobs of all description to leaking roofs and terraces of buildings and all other operations, processes, treatments, and spoliation connected with and or incidental complexes, office buildings, factories, workshops, hospitals, warehouses, all types of temples.
- 60. To carry on the business of an investment Company and to invest, subscribed for acquire, buy sell, vary, underwrite exchange, transfer by hypothecate hold speculate and deal in shares and securities of every description.
- 61. To carry on business of manufacturing, importing, exporting and dealing in all kind of pharmaceuticals, medicines, drugs, and /or anent combination fine chemicals.
- 62. To carry on business as manufactures, producers, processors, formulators, refiners, distillers, buyers, sellers, importers, exporters, and dealers, in all types, of fuel, oils, fuel, and coals, which may be derived, produced, prepared developed, compounded made or manufactured , from industrial and agricultural waste and substances, obtained by mixing any of the foregoing with other volatile substances including lubricating baseoils, gases, ores, crude and mineral oils, general subsoil, and sub-surface deposits, of every nature and description, required for heating or power purposes, and for any other industrial purpose required by various types of industries and to deal with and render saleable and residential products obtained in the manufacture of fuel, whether found in natural state or obtained by processing from surface, deposits, of every nature and description required for heating or power purposes and for any other industrial purposerequired by various types of industries and deal with and render saleable and residual products obtained in the manufacture of fuels, whether found in natural state or obtained by processing, from other substances including industrial gases petrochemicals, chemical compounds whether solid liquid and gaseous.
- 63. To carry on the business of an investment Company and to invest, subscribed for acquire, buy sell, vary, underwrite exchange, transfer by hypothecate hold speculate and deal in shares and securities of every description.
- 64. To invest any moneys of the Company not for the time to time being required for any of the purpose of the Company in such investments as may be thought proper.
- 65. To manufacture, purchase or acquire various apparatus machinery, plants & equipments, chemicals and other materials necessary or requisite for manufacturing ofall or any of the articles mentioned in the main objects.
- **IV.** The Liability of the Member(s) is Limited and the Liability is limited to the amountunpaid, if any, on the shares held by them.
- \*V. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 10,00,00,000/- (Rupees Ten Crores), divided into 5,00,00,000 (Five Crore) Equity Shares of Rs. 2/- (Rupees two Only) each.

<sup>\*</sup>Altered vide Ordinary Resolution passed by the Shareholders at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 03rd December, 2022

We, the several persons, whose name and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being Formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum Of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set against our respective names:-

Name, address, description and occupation of each subscriber	Number of shares taken by each subscriber	Signature of subscriber	Signature of witness with address, description and Occupation
Nalini Shewakramani W/o Vishamber Shewakramani 15-A, Sett Minar, Pedder Road, Bombay-400026  Business  Vijay Shewakramani S/o. Jamnomal Ramchand 15-A, Sett Minar,Pedder Road, Bombay- 400026 Business	10(Ten) Equity Shares 10(Ten) Equity Shares		Witness Babulal Jain S/o. Late Shri Harak Chand Jain 43, Onlooker Building, Sir P.M. Road, Bombay- 400001. Chartered Accountant Sd/-
Total	20 (Twenty) Equity Shares		

Dated this 8th day of August, 2022.

#### THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

#### **COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**

#### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

**OF** 

#### **S & T CORPORATION LIMITED**

#### **CONSTITUTION**

1. The regulations contained in the Table `F' in Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter called the "Act") shall not apply to the Company, except in so far as the same are written, contained or expressly made applicable in these Articles or by the said Act. The regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance of the members thereto and their representatives shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company with reference to the repeal or alterations of or addition to the regulations by Special Resolution as prescribed or permitted by Section 14 of the Act, as be contained in these Articles.

#### INTERPRETATION

#### 2. Interpretation Clause

- 1) In the Interpretation of these Articles, unless repugnant to the subject or context:
  - (a) "The Act" and the said "Act" "The Act" or the said "Act" and reference to any section or provision thereof respectively means and includes the Companies Act, 2013 and any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force, and reference to the section or provisions of the said Act or such statutory modification.
  - (b) "Auditors" "Auditors" means and includes those persons appointed as such for the time being by the Company.
  - (c) "Board" "Board of Directors" or "Board" means in relation to this Company means the Board of Directors of this Company.
  - (d) "Capital" "Capital" means the share capital for the time being raised or authorised to be raised for the purpose of the Company.
  - (e) "Chief Executive Officer" "Chief Executive Officer" means an officer of a company, who has been designed as such by it.
  - (f) "Chief Financial Officer" "Chief Financial Officer" means a person appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of a Company.
  - (g) "The Company" or "this Company" "The Company" or 'this Company" means "S & T Corporation Limited".
  - (h) "Directors" "Directors" means the Directors for the time being of the Company and includes any person occupying the position of a Director of the Company. (i) "Dividend' "Dividend' includes interim dividend.
  - (j) "In writing" or "written" "In writing" and "written' include printing or lithography or any other modes of representing or reproducing words in visible form.
  - (k) "Month" "Month" means calendar month.
  - (l) "Office" "Office' means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.
  - \* New set of Articles of Association was adopted in substitution & in lieu of the existing Articles of Association as approved by the members by passing Special Resolution at Annual General Meeting held on 05 August, 2022.

- (m) "Paid up" "Paid up" includes credited as paid-up.
- (n) "Persons" "Persons" includes corporations as well as individuals.
- (0) "The Registrar" "The Registrar" means the Registrar of Companies of the Stale in which the office of the Company if for the time being situates.
- (p) "Seal" "Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company.
- (q) "Secretary" "Secretary" means a company Secretary as defined in clause (c) of subsection (1) of section 2 of the Company Secretaries Act, 1980 who is appointed by a Company to perform the functions of a Company Secretary under this Act.
- (r) "Securities" "Securities" means securities as defined in Clause (45AA) of Section 2 of the Act (s)
  - "Share" "Share" means share in the share capital of the Company
- (t) "Year" and "Financial Year" "Year means the calendar year and "Financial Year" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 2(41) of the Act.
- (u) "These Presents" or "Regulations" or "these Regulations" "These Presents" or "Regulations" or "these Regulations" means these Articles as modified from time to time.
- (v) "Beneficial owner" "Beneficial owner means a beneficial owner as defined in Clause(a) of sub section (1) of Section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996, Depositories Act, 1996 shall include any statutory modification or reenactment thereof and Depository shall mean a Depository as defined under Clause(e) of sub-section (1) of Section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.
- (w) "Shareholder" or "Member" "Shareholder" or "Member" means the duly registered holder of the shares from time to time and includes the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association of the Company and the beneficial owner(s) as defined in clause(a) of sub section (1) of Section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.
  - (i) Unless the context otherwise requires words and expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act.
  - (ii) Words importing the singular number include where the context admits or requires the plural number and vice versa.
  - (iii) The marginal notes used in these Articles shall not affect the construction hereof.
  - (iv) Words importing masculine gender also include, If the context so requires, reference to feminine gender

#### CAPITAL AND INCREASE AND REDUCTION OF CAPITAL

- \*3. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be such amount and be dividend into such shares as may be from time to time be provided in Clause V of Memorandum of Association with power to subdivide, consolidate and increase and with power from time to time, to issue any shares of the original capital with and subject to any preferential, qualified or special rights, privileges or condition as may be thought fit and upon the sub division of share to apportion the right to participate in profits in any manner as between the shares resulting from subdivision.
  - \* Altered vide Ordinary Resolution passed by the Shareholders at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 03rd December, 2022

#### Increase of capital of the Company and how carried into effect:-

4. The Company in General Meeting, may from time to time, increase its capital by the creation of new shares, such increase to be of such aggregate amount and to be divided into shares of such amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any shares of the original or increased capital shall 4 be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall prescribe and if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends, and in the distribution of a of the Company and with a right of voting at General Meetings of the Company, in conformity with provisions of the Act. Whenever the capital of the Company has been increased under the provisions of these Articles, the Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 64 of the Act.

#### Allotment otherwise than for cash

5. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Directors may allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company as payment or part-payment for any property or assets of any kind whatsoever, sold or to be sold or transferred or to be transferred or for goods or machinery supplied or to be supplied or for services rendered or to be rendered or for technical assistance or know-hew made or to be made available to the Company or the conduct of its business and shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully or partly paid-up otherwise than in cash and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully or partly paid as the case may be.

#### Additional capital to form part of existing capital

6. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Presents, any capital raised by the creation of new shares, shall be considered as part of the existing capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained, with reference to the payment of calls and instalment, forfeiture, lien, surrender transfer and transmission, voting and otherwise.

#### **Preference Shares**

7. Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the Act, the Company shall have the power to issue Preference Shares which are or at the option of the Company are to be liable to be redeemed and the resolution authorising such issue shall prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of redemption.

#### **Buyback of shares**

8. Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles, in accordance with the provisions of Sections 68 to 70 of the Act or any statutory modification thereto and such other regulations and guidelines as may be issued in this regard by the relevant authorities, the Board of Directors/ Members may, if and when deem fit, buy back such of the Company's own shares, stocks or securities, whether or not they are redeemable, as it may decide, subject to such limits, upon such terms and conditions, and subject to such approval, as are specified in this regard.

#### Reduction of capital

9. The Company may (subject to the provisions of Sections 66 of the Act) from time to time by Special Resolution, reduce its capital and any Capital Redemption Reserve Account or Share Premium Account in any manner for the lime being authorized by law, and in particular, capital may be paid off on the footing that it may be called up again or otherwise. This Article is not to derogate from any power the Company would have if it were omitted.

#### Variation of Rights

10. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to the shares of any class may subject to the provisions of Sections 48 be varied, commuted, affected, dealt with or abrogated with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than threefourths of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution at a separate meeting of the holders of the issued shares of that class.

#### **Further issue of shares**

- 11(1) Where at the time after the expiry of two years from the formation of the company or at any time after the expiry of one year from the allotment of shares in the company made for the first time after its formation, whichever is earlier, it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the company by allotment of further shares either out of the unissued capital or out of the increased share capital then:
  - (a) Such further shares shall be offered to the persons who at the date of the offer, are holders of the equity shares of the company, in proportion, as near as circumstances admit, to the capital paid up on those shares at the date.
  - (b) Such offer shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not less than thirty days from the date of the offer and the offer if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined.
  - (c) The offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to them in favour of any other person and the notice referred to in sub clause (b) hereof shall contain a statement of this right. Provided that the Directors may decline, without assigning any reason to allot any shares to any person in whose favour any member may, renounce the shares offered to him.
  - (d) After expiry of the time specified in the aforesaid notice or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that the declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose off them in such manner and to such person(s) as they may think, in their sole discretion fit.
  - (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (1) thereof, the further shares aforesaid may be offered to any persons (whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) of sub-clause (1) hereof) in any manner whatsoever.
    - (a) If a special resolution to that effect is passed by the company in General Meeting, or
    - (b) Where no such special resolution is passed, if the votes cast (whether on a show of hands or on a poll as the case may be) in favour of the proposal contained in the resolution moved in the general meeting (including the casting vote, if any, of the chairman) by the members who, being entitled to do so, vote in person, or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy, exceed the votes, if any, cast against the proposal by members, so entitled and voting and the Central Government is satisfied, on an application made by the Board of Directors in this behalf that the proposal is most beneficial to the company.
  - (3) Nothing in sub-clause (c) of (1) hereof shall be deemed:
    - (a) To extend the time within which the offer should be accepted; or
  - (4) Nothing in this Article shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of the company caused by the exercise of an option attached to the debenture issued or loans raised by the company:

- (i) To convert such debentures or loans into shares in the company; or
- (ii) To subscribe for shares in the company (whether such option is conferred in these Articles or otherwise) provided that the terms of issue of such debentures or the terms of such loans include a term providing for such option and such term:
  - (a) Either has been approved by the Central Government before the issue of the debentures or the raising of the loans or is in conformity with Rules, if any, made by that Government in this behalf; and
  - (b) In the case of debentures or loans or other than debentures issued to or loans obtained from Government or any institution specified by the Central Government in this behalf, has also been approved by a special resolution passed by the company in General Meeting before the issue of the debentures or raising of the loans.

#### Issue of further pari passu shares not to affect the right of shares already issued

12. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or any other rights shall not, unless, otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

#### Sub-division and consolidation of Shares

Subject to the provisions of Section 61 of the Act, the Company in General Meeting may from time to time, sub-divide or consolidate its shares, or any of them, and the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided, may determine that, as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division one or more of such shares shall have some preference or special advantage as regards dividend, capital or otherwise over or as compared with the other or others. Subject as aforesaid the Company in General Meeting may also cancel shares which have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of shares so cancelled. The cancellation of shares in pursuance of this Article shall not be deemed to be a reduction of the share capital.

#### **Issue of Sweat Equity Shares**

14. Company shall subject to and in accordance with the provisions of section 53 of the Act, shall have the power, by a Special Resolution passed at a General Meeting to issue Sweat Equity Shares to the Directors, Employees of either of the Company or of any of its subsidiary or holding Company.

#### Provision for issue of shares under Employees' Stock Option Scheme

- 15. (a) Subject to the provisions of section 62(1)(b) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, and subject to these Regulations, the Board may, from time to time, create, offer and issue to or for the benefit of the Company's employees including the Directors, Executive Chairman, Vice-Chairman, the Managing Directors and the Whole time Directors such number of equity shares of the Company, in one or more trenches on such terms as may be determined by the Board prior to the issue and offer, in consultation with the authorities concerned and in accordance with such guidelines or other provisions of law as may be prevalent at that time but ranking pari passu with the existing equity shares of the Company.
  - (b) The issue price of such shares shall be determined by the Board in accordance with the laws prevalent at the time of the issue.
  - (c) In the alternative to equity shares, mentioned hereinabove, the Board may also issue bonds, equity warrants or other securities as may be permitted in law, from time to time.

(d) All such issues as above are to be made in pursuance of Employees' Stock Option (ESOP) scheme to be drawn up and approved by the Board

#### SHARES AND CERTIFICATES

#### Shares to be numbered progressively and no Shares to be sub-divided

16. The shares in the capital shall be numbered progressively according to their several denominations and except in the manner hereinbefore mentioned no share shall be sub-divided. Every forfeited or surrendered share shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished.

#### Shares at the disposal of the Directors

17 Subject to the provisions of Section 62 of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company for the time being shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or (subject to the compliance with the provisions of section 53 of the Act) at a discount and at such time as they may from time to time think fit and with the sanction of the company in the General Meeting to give to any person or persons the option or right to call for any shares either at par or premium during such time and for such consideration as the Directors think fit, and may issue and allot shares in the capital of the company on payment in full or part of any property sold and transferred or for any services rendered to the company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may so be allotted may be issued as fully paid up shares and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid shares. Provided that opinion or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person or persons without the sanction of the company in the General Meeting.

#### **Acceptance of shares**

18. Any application signed by or on behalf of, an applicant for shares in the Company followed by an allotment of any shares therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles; and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is entered in its Register of Members shall, for the purpose of these Articles, be a Member of the Company.

#### Deposit and call, etc. to be a debt payable immediately

19. The money (if any) which the Directors shall, on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposits, call or otherwise, in respect of any shares allotted by them, shall, immediately on the inscription of the name of the allottee in the Register of Members as the holder of such shares, become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof and shall be paid by him accordingly.

#### **Liability of Members**

20. Every Member, or his heirs, executors, administrators or other representatives, shall pay to the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share or shares, which may, for the time being, remain unpaid thereon, in such amounts, at such time or times, and in such manner as the Directors shall, from time to time, in accordance with the Company's Regulations require or fix for the payment thereof.

#### **Share Certificate**

- a) The share certificates shall be issued in market lots and where share certificates are issued in either more or less than market lots, sub-division or consolidation of share certificates into market lots shall be done free of charge.
  - b) Any two or more joint allottees of a share shall, for the purposes of this Article, be treated as a single Member, and the certificate of any share which may be the subject of joint ownership, may be delivered to any one of such joint owners on behalf of all of them. For any further certificate the Board shall be entitled but shall not be bound, to prescribe a charge not exceeding Rupee One.
  - c) Directors may sign a share certificate by affixing their signature thereon by means of any machine, equipment or other mechanical means, such as engraving in metal or lithography, but not by means of a rubber stamp, provided that the Director shall be responsible for the safe custody of such machine, equipment or other material used for the purpose.

#### Limitation of time for issue of certificates

22. Every member shall be entitled, without payment, to one or more certificates in marketable lots, for all the shares of each class or denomination registered in the name, or if the Directors so approve (upon paying such fee as the Directors may from time to time determine) to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares and the company shall complete and have ready for delivery such certificates within three months from the date of allotment, unless the conditions of issue thereof otherwise provide, or within one month of the receipt of application of registration of transfer, transmission, sub-division, consolidation or renewal of any of its shares as the case may be.

#### Issue of new certificate in place of one defaced, lost or destroyed

23. If any certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated, or torn or if there be no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof and if any certificate lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, being given, an a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the party entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. Every certificates under the Article shall be issued without payment of fees if the Directors so decide, or on payment of such fees (not exceeding Rs.50/- for each certificate) as the Directors shall prescribe. Provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificates in replacement of those which are old, defaced or worn out or where there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer. Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above the Directors shall comply with such Rules or Regulation or requirements of any Stock Exchange or the Rules made under the Act or the rules made under Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 or any other Act, or rules applicable in this behalf. The provision of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the company.

#### **Delivery of Share/Debenture Certificates**

24. The Company shall within two months after the allotment of any of its shares or debentures or debenture-stock and within fifteen after the application for the registration of the transfer of any such shares or debentures or debenture-stock, complete and have ready for delivery the certificates of all shares, debentures or debenture stock allotted or transferred unless the conditions of issue of shares or debentures or debenture-stock otherwise provided. The expression 'transfer" for the purpose of this Article means, a transfer duly stamped and otherwise valid and does not include any transfer which the Company is for any reason entitled to refuse to register and does not register.

#### **Liability of Joint Holders**

25. If any share stands out in the names of two or more persons all the joint holders of the share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all deposits, installments, and calls due in respect of such shares, and for all incidents thereof according to the Company's Regulations, but the person first named in the Register shall, as regards receipt of dividend or bonus or service of notice, and all or any other matters connected with the Company, except voting at meetings and the transfer of the shares, and any other matter by the said Act or herein otherwise provided, be deemed the sole holder thereof.

#### Registered holder only the owner of the shares

26. Except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or by law required, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears on the Register of Members as the holder of any share or whose name appears as the beneficial owner of shares in the records of the Depository, as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not be bound to recognise any benami, trust or equity or equitable, contingent or other claim to or interest in such share on the part of any other person whether or not he shall have express or implied notice thereof. The Board shall be entitled at their discretion to register any shares in the joint names of any two or more persons, or the survivor or survivors of them.

#### **Share Certificate for joint Members**

27. The Company shall not be bound to register more than three persons as the joint holders of any share except in the case of executors or trustees of a deceased member and in respect of a share held jointly by several persons the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and delivery of a certificate for a share to any one of the several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

#### **Fractional Certificates**

28. The Company may issue such fractional coupons as the Board may approve in respect of any of the shares of the Company on such terms as the Board thinks fit.

#### Underwriting and Brokerage Commission may be paid

29. Subject to the provisions of Section 40 of the Act, the Company may at any time pay a commission to any person, in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares or debentures of the Company, or procuring, or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares or debentures in the Company; But so that the commission shall not exceed in case of shares five percent of the price at which the shares are issued and in case of debentures two and a half percent of the price at which the debentures are issued

#### Interest out of Capital - Interest may be paid out of Capital

30. Where any shares are issued for purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any works or buildings or the provision of any land, which cannot be made profitable for a lengthy period, the Company may pay interest on so much of that share capital as is for the time being paid up for the period, at the rate and subject to the conditions and restrictions provided by the Act and may charge the same to capital as part of the cost of construction of the works or buildings or provision of plant.

#### Directors may make calls

31. The Board may from time to time, subject to the terms on which any shares may have been issued and subject to the conditions of allotment, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by circular resolution) make such calls as it thinks fit upon the Members in respect of all monies unpaid on the shares held by

them respectively and each Member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person or persons and at the time and place appointed by the Board. A call may be made payable by installments.

#### Notice of calls

32. Fifteen days notice in writing of any call shall be given by the Company specifying the time and place of payment, and the person or persons to whom such calls shall be made.

#### Calls to date from resolution

33. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution authorising such call was passed at a meeting of the Board.

#### Call may be revoked

34. A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

#### **Liability of Joint Holders**

35. A joint-holder of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

#### Directors may extend time

36. The Board may, from lime to lime at its discretion, extend the time fixed for payment of any call, and may extend such time as to all or any of the Members who from residence at a distance or other cause, the Board may deem fairly entitled to such extension save as a matter of grace and favour.

#### Payment in anticipation of call may carry interest

37. The Directors may, if they think fit, subject to the provisions thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advances has been made, the company may pay interest at such advance has been made, the company may pay interest at such rate, as the member paying such sum in advance and the Directors agree upon provided that money paid in advance of calls shall not confer a right to participate in profits or divided. The Directors may at any time repay the amount so advanced. The member shall not be entitled to any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment, become presently payable. The Provisions of these Articles shall mutatis mutandis apply to the calls on debentures of the Company.

#### Overdue calls to carry interest

38. If any Member fails to pay any call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board but nothing in this Article shall render it obligatory for the Board to demand or recover any interest from any such Member and the Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of such interest either wholly or in part.

#### Sums deemed to be calls

39. Any sum, which by the terms of issue of a share become payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium shall for the purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue of the same becomes payable, and in the case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of theses Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

#### Part payment on account of call etc. not to preclude forfeiture

40. Neither a judgement nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part payment or satisfaction thereunder nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any Member to the Company in respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter.

#### Proof on Trial or suit for money on shares

- 41. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any Member or his legal representative to recover any moneys claimed to be due to the Company for any call or other sum in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove:
  - a) that the name of the Member, in respect of whose shares the money is ought to be recovered, appears entered in the Register of Members as the holder or one of the holders, at or subsequent to the date at which the money sought to be recovered is alleged to have become due, on the said shares;
  - b) that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minutes books, and
  - c) that notice of such call was duly given to the Member or his legal representatives issued in pursuance of these Articles; and that it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which such call was made, nor that the meeting at which such call was made was duly convened or constituted nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt and the same shall be recovered by the Company against the Member or his representative from whom it is ought to be recovered, unless it shall be proved, on behalf of such Member or his representatives against the Company that the name of such Member was improperly inserted in the Register or that the money sought to be recovered has actually been paid.

#### Payment of unpaid share capital in advance

42. a) The Board may if it thinks fit, subject to the provisions of the Act, agree to and receive from any Member willing to advance the same, either in money or moneys worth the whole or any part of the amount remaining unpaid on the shares held by him beyond the sum actually called up and upon the moneys so paid or satisfied in advance, or so much thereof, as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon and due in respect of the shares on account of which such advances have been made, the Board may pay or allow interest at such rate as the Member paying such advance and the Board agree upon; provided always that if at any time after the payment of any such money the rate of interest so agreed to be paid to any such Member appears to the Board to be excessive, it shall be lawful for the Board from time to time to repay to such Member so much of such money as shall then exceed the amount of the calls made upon such shares, unless there be an express agreement to the contrary; and after such repayment such Member shall be liable to pay, and such shares shall be charged with the payment of all future calls as if no such advance had been made; provided also that if at any time after the payment of any money so paid in advance, the Company shall go into liquidation, either voluntary or otherwise, before the full amount of the money so advanced shall have become due by the Members to the Company, on installments or calls, or in any other manner, the maker of such advance shall be entitled (as between himself and the other Members) to receive back from the Company the full balance of such moneys rightly due to

- him by the Company in priority to any payment to Members on account of capital.
- b) No Member paying any such sum in advance shall be entitled to any voting rights, dividend or right to participate in profits in respect of money so advanced by him until the same would but for such payment become presently payable.

#### FORFEITURE AND SURRENDER OF AND LIEN ON SHARES

#### If money payable on share not paid notice to be given to Members

43. If any Member fails to pay any call or installment of call on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, the Board may, at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or installment remains unpaid, give notice to him requiring him to pay the same together with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

#### Terms of notice

44. The notice shall name a day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or installment and such interest thereon at such rate as the Directors shall determine from the day on which such call or installment ought to have been paid and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that, in the event of the non-payment at or before the time and the place appointed, the share in respect of which the call was made or installment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

#### In default of payment, shares may be forfeited

45. If requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, every or any share in respect of which such notice has been given, may at any time thereafter, but before payment of all calls or installments, interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends and bonuses declared in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture.

#### Notice of forfeiture

46. When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the Member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture or to any of his regal representatives, or to any of the persons entitled to the shares by transmission and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members but no forfeiture, shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make such entry as aforesaid.

#### Forfeited shares to become property of the Company and may be sold, etc.

47. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, either to the original holder thereof or to any other person, upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

#### Members still liable to pay money due notwithstanding the forfeiture

48. Any Member whose shares have been forfeited shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, be liable to pay, and shall forthwith pay to the Company on demand all calls, amounts, installments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of the forfeiture until payment, at such rate as the Board may determine and the Board may enforce the payment thereof if it thinks fit.

#### **Effect of forfeiture**

49. The forfeiture of a share shall involve extinction, at the time of the forfeiture, of all Interest in and of all claims and demands against the Company, in respect of the share, and all other rights incidental to the share, except only such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved.

#### Surrender of shares

50. The Directors may subject to the provisions of the Act, accept a surrender of any shares from or by any Member desirous of surrendering them on such terms as they think fit.

#### **Evidence of forfeiture**

51. A declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or Secretary of the Company and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited in accordance with these Articles on the date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share.

#### Company's lien on shares

52. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares/debentures (Other than fully paid-up shares/debentures) registered in the name of each member (Whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares/debentures and no equitable interest in any share shall be created except upon the footing and condition that this Article will have full except. And such lien shall extend to all dividends and bonuses from time to time declared in respect of such shares/debentures. Unless otherwise agreed the registration of a transfer of shares/debentures shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien if any, on such shares/debentures. The Directors may at any time declare any shares/debentures wholly or in part to be exempt from the provisions of this clause.

#### Lien enforced by sale

53. For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the Directors may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they think fit and for that purpose may cause to be issued a duplicate certificate in respect of such shares and may authorise one of their Member or some other person to execute a transfer thereof on behalf of and in the name of such Member. No such sale shall be made until such time as the moneys in respect of which such lien exists or some part thereof is presently payable or the liability in respect of which such lien exists is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged and until notice in writing of the intention to sell shall have been served on such Member, or his heirs, executors, administrators, or other representatives or upon the persons (if any) entitled by transmission to the shares or any one or more of such heirs, executors, administrators, representatives or persons, and default shall have been made by him or them in payment, fulfill or discharge of such debts, liabilities or engagements for fourteen days after such notice

#### Application of sale proceeds

54. The net proceeds of any such sale after payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards the satisfaction of such debts, liabilities or engagements and the residue (if any) paid to such Member, or any of his heirs, executors, administrators, representatives or assigns or any of the persons (if any) entitled by transmission to the shares sold.

#### Validity of sale under Articles

55. Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers hereinbefore given, the Board may appoint some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold and cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the Register in respect of the Shares sold and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings, or to the application of the purchase money and after his name has been entered in the Register in respect of such shares, the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only in and against the Company exclusively.

#### Cancellation of share certificate in respect of forfeited shares

56. Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Articles, the certificate or certificates originally issued in respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company have been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting Member) stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect, and the Directors shall be entitled to issue a new certificate or certificates in respect of the said shares to the person or persons entitled thereto.

#### Power to annul forfeiture

57. The Board may at any time before any share so forfeited shall have been sold, reallotted or otherwise disposed of, annul the forfeiture thereof upon such conditions as it thinks fit.

#### TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

#### **Register of Transfers**

58. The Company shall keep a Register of Transfers and shall have recorded therein fairly and distinctly particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share held in material form. The Company shall have the power to maintain the Register of Transfer and Register of Member may with the approval of the Members at the place other than the Registered Office of the Company.

#### Form of transfer

59. Shares in the Company shall be transferred by an instrument in writing in such form as prescribed under Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013 or under rules made thereunder from time to time.

#### To be executed by Transferor and Transferee

- 60. The instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by the transferor and the transferee shall be delivered to the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The instrument of transfer shall be accompanied by such evidence as the Board may require to prove the title of the transferor and his right to transfer the shares and every registered instrument of transfer shall remain in the custody of the Company until destroyed by an order of the Board. The transferor shall be deemed to be the holder of such shares until the name of the transferee shall have been entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof. Before the registration of a transfer, the certificate or certificates of the shares must be delivered to the Company.
- 61. In the case of transfer or transmission of shares or other marketable Securities where the Company has not issued any certificates and where such shares or securities are being held in any electronic and fungible form in a Depository, the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996 shall apply.

#### Directors may refuse to register transfers

62. Subject to the provisions of Section 58 of the Act and Section 22A of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Directors may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion and by giving reasons, decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of shares whether fully paid or not and the right of refusal, shall not be affected by the circumstances that the proposed transferee is already a member of the Company but in such cases, the Directors shall within one month from the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged with the company, send to the transferee and transferor notice of the refusal to register such transfer provided that registration of transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except when the company has a lien on the shares. Transfer of shares / debentures in whatever lot shall not be refused.

#### Refusal to register transfer

63. In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the above powers, the Board may subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 decline to register In exceptional circumstances when it is felt that the transferee is not a desirable person from the larger point of view of the interest of the Company as a whole subject to the provisions of the clause (c) of subsection (4) of Section 22A of the Securities Contract (Regulation) Act.

#### **Instrument of transfer**

64. The instrument of transfer shall be in writing and all provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and statutory modification thereof for the time being shall be duly complied with in respect of all transfer of shares and registration thereof.

#### Sub-division, consolidation In marketable lots only

65. Transfer of shares in whatever lot should not be refused, though there would be no objection to the Company refusing to split a share certificate into several scrips of any small denominations or to consider a proposal for transfer of shares comprised in a share certificate to several parties, involving such splitting, if on the face of it such splitting/transfer appears to be unreasonable or without a genuine need. The Company should not, therefore, refuse transfer of shares in violation of the Stock Exchange listing requirements on the ground that the number of shares to be transferred is less than any specified number.

#### Death of one or more joint holders of shares

66. In case of the death of any one or more of the persons named in the Register of Members as the joint holders of any share, the survivor or survivors shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to or interest in such share, but nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate or a deceased joint-holder for any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.

#### Title to shares of deceased Member

67. The executors or administrators or holders of a Succession Certificate or the legal representatives of a deceased Member(not being one or two or more jointholders) shall be the only person recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares registered in the name of such Member, and the Company shall not be bound to recognize such executors or administrators or holders of a Succession Certificate or the legal representatives unless such executors or administrators or legal representatives shall have first obtained Probate or Letter of Administration or Succession Certificate, as the case may be, from a duly constituted court in the Union of India provided that in case where the Board in its absolute discretion think fit, the Board may dispense with production of Probate or Letters of

Administration or Succession Certificate, upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as the Board in its absolute discretion may think necessary and under Article 63 register the name of any person who claims to be absolutely entitled to shares standing in the name of a deceased Member, as a Member.

#### No transfer to insolvent, etc.

68. No share shall, in any circumstances, be transferred to any insolvent or person of unsound mind.

#### No fee on transfer or transmission

69. No fees shall be charged for registration of transfer, transmission, probate, succession certificate and letters of administration, certificate of death or marriage, power of attorney or similar other document.

#### **DEMATERIALISATION OF SECURITIES**

### Company to recognize interest in dematerialized securities under Depositories Act.

- 70 (i) Either the Company or the investor may exercise an option to issue, deal in, hold the securities (including shares) with a Depository in electronic form and the certificates in respect thereof shall be dematerialized, in which event the rights and obligations of the parties concerned and matters connected therewith or incidental thereof, shall be governed by the provisions of the Depositories Act, as amended from time to time or any statutory modification thereto or re-enactment thereof.
  - (ii) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialize its existing securities, dematerialize its securities held In the Depository and/or offer its fresh securities in the dematerialized form pursuant to the Depositories Act and the rules framed thereunder, if any.
  - (iii) Every person subscribing to or holding securities of the Company shall have the option to receive security certificate or to hold the security with a Depository, the Company shall Intimate such Depository the details of allotment of the security, and on receipt of the Information, the Depository shall enter in its record the name of the allottee ad the Beneficial Owner of the security.
  - (iv) All securities held by a Depository shall be dematerialized and be in fungible form. Nothing contained in Sections 89 of the Act shall apply to a Depository in respect of the securities held by it on behalf of the Beneficial Owners.
  - (v) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Act or the Articles, a Depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purpose of effecting transfer of ownership of security on behalf of the Beneficial Owner.
  - (vi) Same as otherwise provided In (1) above, the Depository as the registered owner of the securities shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held by it.
  - [vii] Every person holding securities of the Company and whose name is entered as Beneficial Owner in the records of the Depository shall be deemed to be the Member of the Company. The Beneficial Owner of securities shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits subject to all the liabilities in respect of his securities which are held by a Depository.
  - [viii] Except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears on the register of Members as holders of any share or where the name appears as Beneficial Owner of shares in the records of the Depository as the absolute

owner thereof and accordingly shall not be bound to recognize any benami trust or equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or (except only as is by these Articles, otherwise expressly provided) any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right thereto in accordance with these Articles, on the part of any other person whether or not it has express or implied notice thereof, but the Board shall be at their sole discretion to register any share in the joint names of any two or more persons or the survivor or survivors of them.

- [ix] Every Depository shall furnish to the Company about the transfer of securities in the name of a Beneficial Owner at such intervals and in such manner as may be specified by the bye-laws and the Company in that behalf.
- [x] Upon receipt of certificate of securities of surrender by a person who has entered into an agreement with the Depository through a Participant, the Company shall cancel such certificate and substitute in its records the name of Depository as the registered owner in respect of the said securities and shall also inform the Depository accordingly.
- [xi] If a Beneficial Owner seeks to opt out of a Depository in respect of any security, the Beneficial Owner shall inform the Depository accordingly. The Depository shall on receipt of information as above make appropriate entries in its records and shall inform the Company. The Company shall, within thirty (30) days of the receipt of intimation from the Depository and on fulfillment of such conditions and on payment of such fees as may be specified by the regulations, issue the certificate of securities to the Beneficial Owner or the transferee as the case may be.
- [xii] Notwithstanding anything in the Act or these Articles to the contrary, these securities are held in a Depository, the records of the beneficial ownership may be served by such Depository on the Company be means of electronic mode or by delivery of floppies or discs.
- [xiii] Except as specifically provided in these Articles, the provisions relating to joint holders of shares, calls, lien on shares, forfeiture of shares and transfer and transmission of shares shall be applicable to shares held in Depository so far as they apply to shares held in physical form subject to the provisions of the Depository Act.
- [xiv] Notwithstanding anything in the Act or these Articles, where securities are dealt with by a Depository, the Company shall intimate the details thereof to the Depository immediately on allotment of such securities.
- [xv] The shares in the capital be numbered progressively according to their several denominations, provided however, that the provision relating to progressive numbering shall not apply to the shares of the Company 23 which are dematerialized or may be dematerialized in future or issued in future in dematerialized form. Except in the manner hereinbefore mentioned, no share shall be sub-divided. Every forfeited or surrendered share held in material form shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished.
- [xvi] The Company shall cause to be kept a Register and index of Members and a Register and index of Debenture holders in accordance with Sections 88 of the Act respectively, and the Depositories Act, with details of shares and debentures held in material and dematerialized forms in any media as may be permitted by law including in any form of electronics media. The Register and index of Beneficial Owners maintained by a Depository under Section 11 of the Depositories Act shall be deemed to the Register and index of Members and Register and index of Debenture holders, as the case may be, for the purpose of the Act. The Company shall have the power to keep in any

state or country outside India a branch Register of Members resident in that state or country.

[xvii] The Company shall keep a Register of Transfer and shall have recorded therein fairly and distinctly particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share held in material form.

#### Registration of person entitled to shares otherwise than by transfer

71. Subject to the provisions of the Act and Articles 62 end 63 any person becoming entitled to shares in consequences of death, lunacy, bankruptcy or insolvency of any Member, or by any lawful means other than by a transfer in accordance with these Articles, may with the consent of the Board (which it shall not be under any obligation to give) upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this Article, or of his title, as the Board thinks sufficient, either be registered himself as the holder of the shares or elect to have some persons nominated by him and approved by the Board, registered as such holder; provided nevertheless, that if such person shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify the election by executing in favour of his nominee an instrument of transfer in accordance with the provisions herein contained, and until he does so he shall not be freed from any liability in respect of the shares.

#### Persons entitled may receive dividends without being registered as Members

72. A person entitled to a share by transmission shall, subject to the right of the Directors to retain such dividends or money as hereinafter provided be entitled to receive, and may give a discharge for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the shares.

#### Fee on Transfer or Transmission

- 73. No fee shall be charged for transfer and, transmission of Shares or for registration of any of power of attorney, probate, letter of administration or other similar documents.
  - The Company not liable for disregard of a notice prohibiting registration of a transfer
- 74. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register of Members) to the prejudice of a person or persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the said shares, notwithstanding that the Company may have any notice of such equitable right, title or interest or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer and may have entered such notice or referred thereto, in any book of the Company, and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend or give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable right, title or interest, or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Company, but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice, and give effect thereto if the Board shall so think fit.

#### **BORROWING POWERS**

#### **Power to Borrow**

75. Subject to the provisions of Sections 73, 76, 179 and 180 of the Act and of these Articles, the Board may, from time to time at its discretion, by a resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board, accept deposits from Members or public, either in advance of call or otherwise, and generally raise or borrow or secure the payment

of any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company provided however, where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves (that is to say, reserves not set apart for any specific purpose) the Board shall not borrow such moneys without the consent of the Company in General Meeting.

#### The payment or repayment of monies borrowed

76. The payment or repayment of moneys borrowed as aforesaid may be secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Board may think fit, and in particular by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by Circular Resolution) by the issue of debentures of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future) including its uncalled capital for the time being, and debentures, and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

#### Terms of issue of debentures

77. Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination and with any privileges and condition as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of Directors and otherwise Debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the Company in the General Meeting by a Special Resolution.

#### Register of Mortgages, etc. to be kept

78. The Board shall cause a proper register to be kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 85 of the Act of all mortgages, debentures and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company; and shall cause the requirements of Sections 71, 77, and 77 to 87 (both inclusive) of the Act, in that behalf to be duly complied with (within the time prescribed by the said sections or such extensions thereof as may be permitted by the Company Law Board or the Court or tribunal or the Registrar as the case may be) so far as they fail to be complied with by the Board.

#### Register and Index of Debenture holders

79. The Company shall, if any time it issues debentures, keep a Register and Index of Debenture holders in accordance with Section 88 of the Act. The Company shall have the power to keep in any State or Country outside India a Branch Register of Debenture-holders resident in that State or Country.

#### CONVERSION OF SHARE INTO STOCK AND RECONVERSION

#### Shares may be converted into stock

80. The Company in General Meeting may convert any paid-up shares into stock; and when any shares have been converted into stock, the several holders of such stock may thenceforth transfer their respective interest therein, or any part of such interest, in the said manner and subject to the same Regulations as, and subject to which shares from which the stock arose might have been transferred if no such conversion had taken place, or as near thereto as circumstance will admit. The Company may at any time reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.

#### **Right of Stockholders**

81. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privilege advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding-up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

#### ISSUE OF CONVERTIBLE WARRANTS

- 82. Subject to the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 ("SEBI (ICDR) Regulations") as may be amended from time to time and with the consent of the Members of the Company at a General Meeting by way of Special Resolution, the Board of Directors of the Company or a Committee thereof duly authorised by the Board of Directors may issue and allot Warrants convertible into the Equity Shares or such other instrument(s) on such rate, terms and conditions to the existing shareholders, general public or on preferential basis to the promoters, promoter group, person acting in concert, Directors, Bodies Corporate, banks, financial institutions, OCBs, NRIs or such other persons from time to time as the Board may think fit. The Board of Directors of the Company shall be authorized to make provisions as to the allotment and issue of Warrants convertible into Equity Shares or any other instrument(s) and in particular may determine to whom the same shall be offered whether at par or at premium subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and all the applicable provisions of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.
- 83. The Company may by special resolution authorise the Board to convert Warrants into the Equity shares or such other instruments at such rates (including premium), on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board and in accordance with the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations or as may be determined by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Stock Exchange, Central Government or other authorities either on single trench or otherwise as per the discretion of the Board.
- 84. The Board may from time to time subject to the terms on which any warrants convertible into equity shares or such other instrument(s) may have been issued make call upon the warrant holders in respect of the balance amount unpaid on the warrants held by them respectively at the time of providing option for conversion of warrants into the equity shares or such other instrument(s) of the Company and same shall be payable at such fixed time(s) by the warrant holder who shall pay the amount of the call made on them at time and places appointed by the Board. In case of failure to exercise the option and make payment thereof, the amount so deposited at the time of issue of warrant shall be forfeited by the Board.
- 85. All the dividend, if declared by the members shall be appropriated and paid proportionately to the amount paid or credited as paid on the shares on pari passu basis with the existing shareholders for whole of the year in which the shares have been issued and for each subsequent year.

#### **MEMBERS' MEETINGS**

#### **Annual General Meeting**

86. Annual General Meeting of the Company may be convened subject to Section 96 and Section 129 of the Act by giving not less than 21 days notice in writing. Subject to the provisions of Section 101 a meeting may be convened after giving a shorter notice.

#### **Extra ordinary General Meeting**

87. The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an Extraordinary General Meeting and it shall do so upon a requisition in writing by any Member or Members holding in the aggregate not less than one tenth of such of the paid-up capital; as at that date carried the right of voting in regard to the matter in respect of which the requisition has been made.

#### Requisition of Members to state Objects of Meeting

- 88. Any valid requisition so made by the Members must state the object or objects of the meeting proposed to be called, and must be signed by the requisitionsists and be deposited at the office; provided that such requisition may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists. On receipt of requisition, Directors to call meeting and in default requisitionists may do so.
- 89. Upon the receipt of any such requisition, the Board shall forthwith call an Extraordinary General Meeting; and if it does not proceed within twenty-one days from the date of the requisition being deposited at the Office to cause a meeting to be called on a day not later than forty-five days from the date of deposit of the requisition, the requisitionists, or such of their number as represent either a majority in value of the paid-up. share capital held by all of them or not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up share capital of the Company as is referred to in Section 169 (4) of the Act, whichever is less, may themselves call the meeting, but in either case any meeting so called shall be held within three months from the date of deposit of the requisition as aforesaid.

#### Meeting called by requisitionists

90. Any meeting called under the foregoing Articles by the requisitionists shall be called in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are to be called by the Board.

#### **Quorum at General Meeting**

91. Such number of Members as prescribed under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013 entitled to be personally present depending upon the number of Members of the Company from time to time, shall be quorum for a General Meeting and no business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless the requisite quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting

#### Body corporate personally present

- 92. A body corporate being a Member shall be deemed to be personally present if it is represented in accordance with Section 113 of the Act. If quorum not present meeting to be dissolved or adjourned
- 93. If, at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for holding a meeting of the Company, a quorum shall not be present, the meeting it convened by or upon the requisition of Members, shall stand dissolved, but in any other case the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week or if that day is a public holiday until the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday at the same time and place or to such other day at such other time and place within the city or town in which the Office of the Company is situate as the Board may determine, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Members present shall be a quorum, and may transact, the business for which the meeting was called.
- 94. The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary. If there be no such Chairman of the Directors, or if at any meeting he shall not be present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such meeting then the Members present shall elect another Director as Chairman and if no Director be present or if all Directors

present decline to take the Chair, then the members present shall elect one of their Members to be the Chairman.

#### Business confined to election of Chairman whilst chair vacant

95. No business shall be discussed at any General Meeting except the election of a Chairman, whilst the chair is vacant.

#### Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting

96. The Chairman with the consent of the meeting may adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place within the city or town in which the office of the Company is situated for the time being but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

#### Question at General Meeting how decided

97. At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by a member or Members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the Company which confer a power to vote on the resolution not being less than 1/10th of the total voting power in respect of the Resolution or on which an aggregate sum of not less than Rs. 5,00,000/- has been paid up. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.

#### Chairman's casting vote

98. In the case of any equality of votes, the Chairman shall both on a show of hands and at a poll (if any) have a casting vote in addition to the votes to which he may be entitled as a Member.

#### Demand for poll not to prevent transaction of other business

99. The demand for a poll except on the question of the election of the Chairman and of an adjournment shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

#### Member in arrears not to vote

100. No Member shall be entitled to vote either personally or by proxy at any General Meeting or meeting of a class of shareholders either upon a show of hands or upon a poll in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has, and has exercised, any right of lien.

#### Number of votes to which Member entitled

101. Subject to the provisions of these Articles and without prejudice to any special privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class of shares for the time being forming part of the capital of the Company, every Member, not disqualified by the last preceding Article shall be entitled to be present and to speak and vote at such meeting, and on a show of hands every Member present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll the voting rights of every Member whether present in person or by proxy, shall be in proportion to his share of the paid-up equity capital of the Company.

#### Casting of votes by a Member entitled to more than one vote

102. On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company, a Member entitled to more than one vote, or his proxy, or other person entitled to vote for him as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses

#### Votes of Members of unsound mind and minors

103. A Member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vole, whether on a show of hand or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll vote by proxy. If any Member be a minor, the votes in respect of his share or shares shall be by his guardian or any of his guardians, it more than one, to be elected in case of dispute by the Chairman of the meeting.

# **Votes of Joint Members**

104. If there be joint registered holders of any shares, any one of such persons may vote at any meeting or may appoint another person (whether a Member or not) as his proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled therein but the proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting and, it more than one of such joint-holders be present at any meeting, that one of the said person so present whose name stands higher on the Register shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the joint-holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting. Several executors or administrators of a deceased Member in whose names share stand shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed joint holders thereof.

#### Voting in person or by proxy

105. Subject to the provisions of these Articles votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A body corporate being a Member may vote either by a proxy or by a representative duly authorised in accordance with Section 49 of the Act and such representative shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate which he represents as the body could exercise if it were an individual Member.

# Votes in respect of shares of deceased or insolvent Members

106. Any person entitled under Article 72 to transfer any shares may vote at any General Meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that 48 hours, at least, before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting as the case may be at which he proposed to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to transfer such shares and give such indemnity (if any) as the Directors may require or the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.

# Appointment of proxy

107. Every proxy (whether a Member or not) shall be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointer or his attorney, or if such appointer is a corporation under the common seal of such corporation, or be signed by an officer or an Attorney duly authorised by it and any committee or guardian may appoint such proxy. The proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting.

# Proxy either for a specified meeting or for specified period

108. An instrument of proxy may appoint a proxy either for purpose of a particular meeting specified in the instrument and any adjournment thereof or it may appoint for the purposes of every meeting of the Company, or of every meeting to be held before the date specified in the instrument and any adjournment of any such meeting.

# No proxy except for a body corporate to vote on a show of hands

109. A Member present by proxy shall be entitled to vote only on a poll but not on a show of hands, unless such Member is a body corporate present by a representative in which case such proxy shall have a vote on the show of hand as if he were a Member.

110. The instrument appointing a proxy and the Power of Attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the office not later than forty eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution.

# Form of proxy

111. Every instrument of proxy whether for a specified meeting or otherwise shall, as nearly as circumstances win admit, be in any of the forms set out in Schedule IX of the Act.

# Validity of votes given by proxy notwithstanding death of Member

112. A vote given in accordance within the norms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the Member, or revocation of the proxy or of any power of attorney under which such proxy was signed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given, provided that no intimation in writing of the death or insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the office before the meeting.

#### Time for objection to vote

113. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote: except at any meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered and every vote, whether given personally or by proxy, not disallowed at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

# Chairman of any meeting to be the judge of validity of vote

114. The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll.

# **DIRECTORS**

#### **Number of Directors**

- 115. Until otherwise determined by the Company in a General Meeting and subject to the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the number of Directors shall not be less than three nor more than fifteen and the First Directors of the Company are:-
  - 1. Mr. Surendra T. Savai
  - 2. Mr. Ajay S. Savai
  - 3. Mr. Tejas Bakhai
  - 4. Mr. Chandrakant J. Shah
  - 5. Mr. Rajeev C. Shah
  - 6. Mr. S. M. Dudani
  - 7. Mr. Mahendra N. Kampani
  - 8. Mr. Subhash C. Kothari
  - 9. Mr. Vallabh G. Thakkar
  - 10. Mr. Jayantibhai R. Shah
  - 11. Mr. Chhaganlal B. Gemavat

# Qualification shares by Directors

- 116. The directors shall not be required to hold any qualification shares.
- 117. The Board may appoint, from time to time, one or more of their Members to be the Managing Director or Joint Managing Director or Wholetime Director or Deputy Managing Director or Manager of the Company on such terms and on such remuneration (whether by way of salary or commission, or partly in one and partly in another) as they may think fit. Managing Directors so appointed shall not while holding that office, be subject to retirement by rotation or taken into account in determining the rotation of retirement of directors, but their appointment shall be subject to determination ipso facto if they cease from any cause to be a director or if the Company in General Meeting resolve that their tenure of the office of Managing Director be determined.
- 118. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may from time to time entrust and confer upon a Managing Director for the time being such of the powers exercisable upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they may think fit either collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of their own powers and from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

#### **Special or Nominee Director**

119. On behalf of the Company, whenever Directors enter into a contract with any Government, Central, State or Local, any bank or financial institution or any person or persons (hereinafter referred to as "the appointer") for borrowing any money or for providing any guarantee or security or for technical collaboration or assistance or for underwriting or entering into any other arrangement whatsoever, the Directors shall have, subject to the provisions of Section 152 and Section 161 of the Act, the power to agree that such appointer shall have the right to appoint or nominate by a notice in writing addressed to the Company one or more Directors on the Board for such period and upon such conditions as may be mentioned in the agreement and that such Director or Directors may not be liable to retire by rotation nor be required to hold any qualification shares. The Directors may also agree that any such Director or Directors may be removed from time to time by the appointer entitled to appoint or nominate them and the appointer may fill any vacancy that may occur as a result of any such Director or Directors ceasing to hold that office for any reason whatsoever. The Directors appointed or nominated under this Article shall be entitled to exercise and enjoy all or any of the rights and privileges exercised and enjoyed by the Directors of the Company including payment, remuneration and travelling expenses to such Director or Directors as may be agreed by the Company with the appointer

# Debenture Directors

120. If it is provided by the Trust Deed, securing or otherwise, in connection with any issue of debentures of the Company, that any person or persons shall have power to nominate a Director of the Company, then in the case of any and every such issue of debentures, the person or persons having such power may exercise such power from time to time and appoint a Director accordingly. Any Director so appointed is herein referred to as Debenture Director. A Debenture Director may be removed from office at any time by the person or persons in whom for the time being is vested the power under which he was appointed and another Director may be appointed in his place. A Debenture Director shall not be bound to hold any qualification shares.

# **Appointment of Alternate Director**

121. The Board may appoint an Alternate Director to act for a Director (hereinafter called "the Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India. An Alternate Director appointed under this Article shall not

hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate the office if and when the Original Director returns to India. If the term of office of the Original Director is determined before he so returns to India, any provisions in the Act or in these Articles for the automatic reappointment of retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the Alternate Director.

# Directors' power to add to the Board

122. Subject to the provisions of Section 152 and 161, the Board shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other qualified person to be an additional Director, but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the minimum fixed under Article 110. Any such additional Director shall hold office only up to the date of the next Annual General Meeting.

#### Directors' power to fill casual vacancies

123. Subject to the provisions of Section 161 and 163 the Board shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other qualified person to be a Director to fill a casual vacancy. Any person so appointed shall hold office only up to the date upto which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated by him.

#### **Remuneration of Directors**

124. The remuneration of Directors and Executives of the Company, including the fees payable to the Directors of the Company in attending the Meeting of the Board or the Committees of the Board, shall be determined by the Board of Directors from time to time, provided that the sitting fees payable to the Directors as aforesaid shall be within the maximum limits of such fees that may be prescribed under the Act.

#### **Directors' Travelling Expenses**

125. In addition to the remuneration payable to them, the Directors shall be entitled to be paid all travelling, hotel and other incidental expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any Committee thereof or General Meetings or in connection with the business of the Company. The rules in this regard may be framed by the Board of Directors from time to time.

# Special remuneration for performing extra services

126. If any Director be called upon to perform extra services or special exertions or efforts (which expression shall Include work done by a Director as a Member of any committee formed by the Director(s) the Board may arrange with such Directors for such special remuneration for such extra services or special exertions or efforts either by a fixed sum or otherwise as may be determined by the Board and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for his remuneration, subject to provisions of the Act and confirmation by the Company in General Meeting.

# Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy

127. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board of Directors, the continuing Director or Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that fixed for a quorum or for summoning a General Meeting but for no other purpose. Terms of office of Directors 128. Not less than two-thirds of the total number of Directors shall be persons whose period of office is liable to determination by retirement of Directors by rotation. Retirement of Directors by rotation

128. At every annual general meeting of the Company one-third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one third, shall retire from office.

#### Ascertainment of Directors to retire

129. The Directors to retire by rotation under the foregoing article shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment, but as between persons who become Directors on the same day, those who are to retire shall, in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot.

# A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. Company to appoint Successors

130. The Company, at the annual general meeting at which a Director retires in manner aforesaid, may, fill up the vacated office by electing the retiring Director or some other person thereto.

# Provisions in default of appointment

- 131. a) It the place of the retiring Director is not so tilted up and the meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or if that day is a public holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday at the same time and place,
  - b) If at the adjourned meeting also, the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and that meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-appointed at the adjourned meeting, unless:
    - i) at the meeting or at the previous meeting a resolution for the reappointment of such Director has been put to the meeting and lost;
    - ii) the retiring Director has, by s notice in writing addressed to the Company or its Board of Directors expressed his unwillingness to be so re-appointed;
    - iii) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment;
    - iv) a resolution, whether special or ordinary is required for the appointment or re appointment by virtue of any provisions of the Act; or
    - v) the provision to sub-section (2) of Section 162 is applicable to the case. Company may Increase or reduce number of Directors 133. Subject to Sections 149 and 152 of the Act, the Company in general meeting may from time to time, increase or reduce the number of Directors, within the limits fixed in that behalf by these Articles. Removal of Directors 134. The Company may (subject to the provisions of Section 169 of the Act) remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office and appoint another person in his stead

### PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

# **Meeting of Directors**

132. The Directors may meet together as a Board for the dispatch of business from time to time and shall so meet at least once in every three calendar months and at least four such meetings shall be held in every year. The meeting may be called by way of video-conferencing or other audiovisual means by following prescribed provisions of the Act. The Directors may adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they may think fit.

# **Notice of Board Meetings**

133. Seven clear days' notice at least of every meeting of the Board shall be given by the Secretary of the Company, if any, or by any person or persons nominated by the Executive Chairman, in writing to every Director at his usual address or electronically or my means allowed under the Act. Provided, however, that the Chairman of the Board shall have the powers to convene a meeting of the Board or to request the Secretary of the Company to convene a Meeting of the Board by giving a shorter notice. Such notice or shorter notice may be sent by hand delivery or by registered post or electronic mean depending upon the circumstances.

# Quorum

134. Subject to Section 174 of the Act, the quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one-third of its total strength (excluding Directors, if any, whose places may be vacant at the time, and any fraction contained in that one-third being rounded off as one), or two Directors whichever is higher. Provided that where at any time the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two-thirds of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of the Directors who are not interested present at the meeting being not less than two, shall be the quorum during such meeting.

#### Adjournment of meetings for want of quorum

135. If a meeting of the Board could not be held for want of quorum, then the meeting shall automatically stand adjourned to such other time as may be fixed by the Chairman.

# Secretary to call Board Meeting

136. The Secretary shall, and when directed by the Chairman or the Managing Director to do so, convene a meeting of the Board by giving a notice in writing to every other Director.

# **Chairman of Directors**

137. The Directors shall choose one of their numbers to be the Chairman of the Directors who shall hold such office until the Directors otherwise determine. If at any meeting the Chairman of the Directors shall not be present at the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose some one of their Member to be the Chairman of such meeting.

# Questions how decided

138. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes and the Chairman shall not have second or a casting vote.

# **Powers of Board Meeting**

139. A meeting of the Board for the time being at which a quorum is present, shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, power and discretions which by or under the Act or the Articles of the Company are for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board generally.

# **Appointment of Sub-committee**

140. The Board may appoint from time to time a sub-committee consisting of one or more Director(s) and or one or more senior executive(s) of the Company or any professional to deal with matters including transfer / transmission of shares /debentures and such other matters incidental thereto with such powers and duties, as the Board deems fit.

#### Directors may appoint committees

141. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may delegate any of its powers to committees of the Board consisting of such members of its body as it thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee of the Board either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes but every committee of the Board so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated, confirm to any Regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such committee of the Board in conformity with such Regulations and in fulfillment of the purpose of their appointment but not otherwise shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

# Meetings of Committee how to be governed

142. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee of the Board consisting of two or more Members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding Article. The provisions of Article 136 shall mutatis mutandis apply to the meetings of such committee,

#### Circular Resolution

143. No resolution shall be deemed to have been duly passed by the Board or by a Committee thereof by circulation, unless the resolution has been circulated in draft, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors or to all the members of the committee then in India (not being less in number than the quorum fixed for a meeting of the Board or Committee, as the case may be), and to all other Directors or members of the Committee, at their usual address in India and has been approved by such of the Directors or members of the Committee as are then in India, or bye majority of such of them as are entitled to vote on the resolution.

# Validity of Directors' Acts

144. All acts done by any meeting of the Board or by a Committee or by a subcommittee of the Board, or by any person acting as a Director shall notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Directors, or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director and had not vacated his office or his appointment had not been terminated. Provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to give validity to acts done by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the Company to be invalid or to have terminated.

#### **Powers of Directors**

145. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Board of Directors, who may exercise all such powers of the Company and do all such acts and things as are not, by the Act, or any other Act or by the Memorandum or by the Articles of the Company required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to the Regulations of these Articles to the provisions of the Act, or any other Act and to such Regulations being not inconsistent with the aforesaid Regulations or provisions as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that Regulation had not been made. Provided that the Board of Directors shall not except with the consent of the Company in General Meeting:-

- a. sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking of the Company, or where the Company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole, or substantially the whole, of any such undertaking;
- b. remit or give lime for the repayment of, any debt by a Director;
- c. invest, otherwise than in trust securities, the amount of compensation received by the Company in respect of the compulsory acquisition of any such undertaking as is referred to in Clause (a) or of any premises or properties used for any such undertaking and without which it cannot be carried on or can be carried on only with difficulty or only after a considerable time;
- d. borrow moneys, where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's Bankers in the ordinary course of business) will exceed the aggregate of the paid-up capital of the Company and its free reserves, that is to say, reserves not set apart for any specific purposes. Provided further that the powers specified in Section 179 of the Act shall be exercised only at meetings of he Board unless the same be delegated to the extent therein stated; or
- e. contribute to Charitable and other funds not directly relating to the business of the Company or the welfare of its employees any amounts, the aggregate of which will in any financial year exceed five percent of its average net profits for three immediately preceding financial year.

# Certain Powers to be exercised by the Board only at Meetings

- 146. The Board of Directors of the Company shall exercise the following powers on behalf of the Company and it shall do so only by means of resolutions passed at meetings of the Board:
  - a. The power to make calls on share holders in respect of money unpaid on their shares;
  - b. The power to buy-back of securities under Section 68.
  - c. The power to Issue securities, including debentures, whether in or outside India.
  - d. The power to borrow monies;
  - e. The power to invest the funds of the Company;
  - f. The power to grant loans or give guarantee or provide security in respect of Loans;
  - g. The power to approve financial statement and the Board's report;
  - h. The power to diversify the business of the company;
  - i. The power to approve amalgamation, merger or reconstruction;
  - j. The power to take over a company or acquire a controlling or substantial stake in another company;
  - k. any other matter which may be prescribed: Provided that the Board may, by a resolution passed at a meeting delegate to any committee of Directors, the Manager or any other principal officer of the Company or in the case of a branch office of the Company, a principal officer of the branch office, the powers specified in clauses (d) to (f) ) of this Article to the extent specified in Section 179 of the Act, on such condition as the Board may prescribe.

# Certain Powers of the Board

- 147. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the last preceding Article and so as not in any way to limit or restrict these powers, and without prejudice to the other powers conferred by these Articles, but subject to the restrictions contained in the last preceding Article, it is hereby declared that the Directors shall have the following powers, that is to say, power:
  - 1) To pay the costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company.

# Payment out of Capital

2) To pay and charge to the capital account of the Company any commission or interest lawfully payable there out under the provisions of Sections 76 and 208 of the Act.

# To acquire property

- 3) Subject to Sections 179 of the Act to purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any property, rights, privileges which the Company is authorised to acquire, at or for such price or consideration and generally on such terms and conditions as they think fit, and in any such purchases or other acquisition to accept such title as the Directors may believe or may be advised to be reasonably satisfactory. To pay for property, etc.
- 4) At their discretion and subject to the provisions of the Act, to pay for any property, rights, or privileges acquired or services rendered in the Company either wholly or partially, in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures, mortgages, or other securities of the such amount credited as paid up thereon as may be agreed upon and any such bonds; debentures, mortgages or other securities may be either, specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged.

#### To secure contracts

5) To secure the fulfilment of any contracts or engagements entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital for the time being or in such manner as they may think fit.

# To accept surrender of shares

6) To accept from any Member, as far as may be permissible by law, a surrender of his shares or any part thereof, on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed.

# To appoint Trustees

7) To appoint any person to accept and to hold in trust for the Company any property belonging to the Company, or in which it is interested, or for any other purposes; and to execute and do all such deeds and things as may be required in relation to any such trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.

# To bring and defend actions

8) To institute, conduct, defend, compound, or abandon any legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers or otherwise payment or satisfaction of any debts due, and of any claims or demands by or against the Company, and to refer any differences to arbitration, and observe and perform any awards made thereon.

# To act in insolvency matters

9) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents

## To give receipts

10) To make and give receipts, releases and other discharges for moneys payable to the Company, and for the claims and demands of the Company.

## To invest moneys

11) Subject to the provisions of Sections 292, 293 (1) (c), 295 and 372A of the Act, to invest, deposit and deal with any moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purpose thereof, upon such security (not being shares of this Company), or without security and in such manner as they may think f t, and from time to time to vary or realise such investments. Save as provided in Section 49 of the Act, all investments shall be made and held in the Company's own name.

# To provide for Personal Liabilities

12) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability whether as principal or surety: for the benefit of the Company such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future) as they think fit; and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale, and such other powers, provisions, covenants and agreements as shall be agreed upon.

# To authorise acceptances

13) To determine from time to time who shall be entitled to sign, on the Company's behalf, bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, endorsements, cheques, dividend warrants, releases, contracts and documents and to give necessary authority for such purpose.

#### To distribute bonus

14) To distribute by way of bonus amongst the staff of the Company a share in the profits of the Company, and to give to any officer or other person employed by the Company a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction and to charge such bonus or commission as part of the working expenses of the Company.

# To provide for welfare of employees

15) To provide for the welfare of Directors or Ex-Directors or employees or exemployees of the Company and their wives, widows and families or the dependants or connections of such persons by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwellings or chawl or by grants of moneys, pensions, gratuities, allowances, bonus or other payments; or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to provident and other associations, institutions or funds or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instruction and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Board shall think fit, and subject to the provisions of Section 293 (1) (e) of the Act. To subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to any charitable, benevolent religious, scientific, national or other institutions or objects which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company either by reason of locality of operation, or of public and general utility or otherwise.

#### To create reserve fund

16) Before recommending any dividend to set aside, out of the profits of the Company such sums as they may think proper for depreciation or to a Depreciation Fund or to an Insurance Fund or as a Reserve Fund or Sinking Fund or any special fund to meet contingencies or to repay debentures or debenturestock, or for special dividends or for equalizing dividends or for repairing, improving, extending and maintaining any of the property of the Company and for such other purposes (including the purposes referred to in the preceding clause), as the Board may in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company, and subject to Section 292 of the Act, to invest the several sums so set aside or so much thereof as required to be invested, upon such investments (other than shares of the Company) as they think fit, and from time to time to deal with and vary such investments and dispose of and apply and expend all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company, in such manner and for such purposes as the Board in their absolute discretion, think, conducive to the interest of the Company notwithstanding that the matters to which the Board apply or upon which they expend the same, or any part thereof, may be matters to or upon which the capital moneys of the Company might rightly be applied or expended, and to divide the reserve fund into such special funds as the Board may think fit with full power to transfer the whole or any portion of the Reserve Fund into such special funds as the Board may think fit, with full power to transfer the whole or any portion of a Reserve Fund or division of a Reserve Fund and with full power to employ the assets constituting all or any of the above funds, including the Depreciation Fund, in the business of the Company or in the purchase or repayment of debentures or debenture-stock, and without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets and without being bound to pay interest on the same with power however to the Board at their discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds interest at such rate as the Board may think proper.

#### To appoint managers etc.

17) To appoint, and at their discretion remove or suspend such general managers, secretaries, assistants, supervisors, clerks, agents and servants for permanent, temporary or special services as they may from time to time think I it, and to determine their powers and duties and fix their salaries, or emoluments or remuneration, and to require security in such instances and to such amount as they may think fit. And also from time to time to provide for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere in such manner as they think fit.

### To comply with local Laws

18) To comply with requirements of any local law which in their opinion it shall in the interest of the Company be necessary or expedient to comply with.

#### To appoint local board

19) From time to time and at any time to establish any Local Board for managing any of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere and to appoint any persons to be Members of such Local Boards and to fix their remuneration.

# To delegate powers

20) Subject to Section 179 of the Act, from time to time and at any time to delegate to any persons so appointed any of the powers authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Board, other than their power to make call or to make loans or borrow moneys and to authorise the Members for the time being

of any such Local Board, or any of them, to fill up any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made on such terms, and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and the Board may at any time remove any persons so appointed and may annul any such delegation.

#### To issue power of attorney

21) At any time and from time to time by Power of Attorney under the Seal of the Company, to appoint any person or persons to be the Attorney or Attorneys of the Company, for such purposes and with such powers, authorities, and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these presents and excluding the power to make calls and excluding also except In the limits authorised by the Board, the power to make Loans and borrow moneys) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit, and any such appointment may (if the Board thinks fit) be made in favour of the Members of any local board, established as aforesaid or in favour of any Company or the shareholders, directors, nominees or managers of any Company or firm or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons whether nominated directly, or indirectly by the Board and any such Power of Attorney may contain such powers for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such Attorneys as the Board may think fit, and may contain Powers enabling any such delegates or Attorneys as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the Powers, authorities and discretions for the time-being vested in them.

# To negotiate

22) Subject to the applicable provisions of the Act for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purposes of the Company to enter into all such negotiations and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute and do all such acts, deeds, and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient.

# To make and vary Regulations

23) From time to time make, vary or repeal bye-laws for the regulation of the business of the Company, its officers and servants.

# **Amendments to Accounts**

24) The directors shall, it they consider it to be necessary and in the interest of the Company, be entitled to amend the Audited Accounts of the Company of any financial year which have been laid before the Company in General Meeting. The amendments to the Accounts effected by the directors in pursuance of this Article shall be placed before the Members General Meeting for their consideration and approval.

#### To formulate schemes, etc.

25) The directors may formulate, create, institute or set up such schemes, trusts, plans or proposals as they may deem lit for the purpose of providing incentive to the officers, employees and workers of the Company, including without limiting the generality of the foregoing, formulation at schemes for the subscription by the officers, employees and workers to shares in, or debentures of, the Company.

# Signing of cheques

148. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid by the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted or otherwise executed as (he case may be, in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

# Foreign register

149. The Company may exercise the powers conferred upon the Company by Section 88 at the Act with regard to the keeping of branch registers of Members or debenture holders residing in any State or Country outside India, and the directors may (subject to the provisions of those Sections) make and vary such Regulations as they may think I it respecting the keeping of any such register. Declaration of secrecy 153. Every director including Managing, Wholetime, Debenture or Special Director, Manager, Secretary, Treasurer, Trustees for the time being of the Company, Member or Debenture holder, Member of a committee, officer, servant, agent, accountant or any other person employed in or about the Company business shall if so required by the Board at Directors before entering upon his duties,

## **Declaration of secrecy**

150. Every director including Managing, Wholetime, Debenture or Special Director, Manager, Secretary, Treasurer, Trustees for the time being of the Company, Member or Debenture holder, Member of a committee, officer, servant, agent, accountant or any other person employed in or about the Company business shall if so required by the Board at Directors before entering upon his duties, sign a declaration pledging himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company with its customers and the state of accounts with individuals and all manufacturing, technical and business information of the Company, except when required so to do by (he Board or by any meeting or by a Court of law and except so far as may be 'necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these Articles contained.

# Secrecy of works and Information

151. No Member or other person (not being a director) shall be entitled to visit or inspect any works of the Company without the permission of the directors or to require discovery of any information concerning the business, trading or customers of the Company, or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade, secret process, or any other matter which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors, it would be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose.

# Prohibition of simultaneous appointment of Managing Director and Manager

- 152. The Company shall not appoint or employ at the same time more than one of the following categories of management personnel namely:
  - a. Managing Director and
  - b. Manager

# Secretary

153. Subject to provisions of the Act, the Directors shall from time to time appoint a Secretary and at their discretion remove any such Secretary to perform any functions, which by the Act are to be performed by the Secretary and to execute any other ministerial or administrative duties, which may from time to time be assigned to the Secretary by the Directors. The Director may also at any time appoint any person or persons (who need not be the Secretary) to keep the registers required to be kept by the Company.

# The Seal, its custody and use

154. a. The Board shall provide a Common Seal for the purposes of the Company and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereof and the Board shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal for the time being and the Seal shall never be used except by the authority of the Board or a Committee of the Board previously given

#### Deed how executed

155. Every Deed or Other instrument, to which the Seal of the Company is required to be affixed, shall unless the same is executed by a duly constituted attorney be signed by one Director and witnessed by a Director or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose provided that in respect of the Share Certificate the Seal shall be affixed in accordance with Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014

# The Company In general meeting may declare dividends

156. Subject to the provisions of Section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Company in General Meeting may declare dividends, to be paid to its Members according to their respective rights but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board, but the Company in General Meeting may declare a smaller dividend.

#### **Interim Dividend**

157. The Board may, from time to time, pay to the Members such interim dividend as in their judgement the position of the Company justifies. Capital paid-up in advance carrying Interest not to earn dividend 161. Where capital is paid in advance of calls, such capital may carry interest but shall not be in respect thereof confer a right to dividend or participate in profits.

## Dividend to be paid pro-rata

- 158. a. Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof dividend is paid but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any shares in the Company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
  - b. No amount paid or credited as paid on shares in advance of calls shall be treated for the purpose of this regulation as paid on shares.
  - c. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid. But if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such shares shall rank for dividend accordingly.

#### Retention of Dividends until completion of share transfer

159. The Board may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is, under Article 72 entitled to become a Member, which any person under that Article is entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a Member in respect of such shares or shall duly transfer the same.

# Dividend, etc. to joint-holders

160. Any one of the several persons who are registered as the joint-holders of any share may give effectual receipts for all dividends or bonus and payment on account of dividends or bonus or other moneys payable in respect of such shares. No Member to receive dividend whilst indebted to the

# Company and Company's right to reimbursement thereof

161. No Member shall be entitled to receive payment of any interest or dividend in respect of his share or shares, whilst any money may be due or owing from him to the Company in respect of such share or shares or otherwise howsoever either alone or jointly with any other person or persons; and the Board may deduct from the interest or dividend payable to any Member all sums of money so due from him to the Company.

### Dividend in respect of the shares Transferred

162. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.

### Manner of payment of dividend

163. Unless otherwise directed, any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrantor by a pay slip or receipt having the force of a cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of Member or person entitled or in case of joint holder to that one of them first named in the Register in respect of the joint holder. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. The Company shall not be responsible for any cheque or warrant or pay slip or receipt lost in transmission or for any dividend lost to the Member or person entitled thereto by the forged signature of any pay slip or receipt or the fraudulent recovery of the dividend by any other means.

#### Interest on dividends

164. No unpaid dividend shall bear interest as against the Company. No unclaimed dividend shall be forfeited by the Board unless the claim thereto becomes barred by law and the Company shall comply with all the provisions of Section 205A of the Act in respect of unpaid or unclaimed dividend.

## Dividend and call together

165. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may on the recommendation of the Directors make a call on the Members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each Member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him and so that the call may be made payable at the same time as the dividend and the dividend may, it so arranged between the Company and the Members, be set off against the call.

# Unpaid or Unclaimed Dividend

Where the company has declared a dividend but which has not been paid or the dividend warrant in respect thereof has not been posted within 30 days from the date of declaration to any shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend, the company shall within 7 days from the date of expiry of the said period of 30 days, open a special account in that behalf in any scheduled bank called "Unpaid Dividend of Suyog Telematics Limited" and transfer to the said account, the total amount of dividend which remains unpaid or in relation to which no dividend warrant has been posted. Any money transferred to the unpaid dividend account of the Company which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of three years from the date of such transfer, shall be transferred by the company to the general revenue account of the Central Government. A claim to any money so transferred to the general revenue account may be preferred to the Central Government by the shareholders to whom the money is due. No unclaimed or unpaid dividend shall be forfeited by the Board.

# **Capitalisation of Profits**

- 1) The Company in General Meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve; a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause
  - (2) amongst the Members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions. 2) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provisions contained in clause

- (3) either in or towards: i) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such Member respectively
  - i) paying up in full, un-issued shares of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid up to and amongst such Members in the proportions aforesaid; or
  - ii) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (i) and partly in that specified in sub- clause (ii). 3) A share premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purpose of this Regulation, only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to Members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.
- 4) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this Regulation.
- 168. 1) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall:-
  - a) make all appropriation and application of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares, it any; and
  - b) generally do all acts end things required to give effect thereto.
  - 2) The Board shall have full power:
    - a) to make such provision, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise, as it thinks fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fraction; and also
    - b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the Members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to thorn respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation or (as the case may require) for the payment of by the Company on their behalf by the application thereto of their respective proportion of the profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares.
  - 3) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such Members.

# **Board Report**

169. There shall be attached to every such balance sheet a report of the Board as to the state of the Company's affairs and as to the amounts, if any, which it proposes to carry to any reserves in such balance sheet and the amount, if any, which it recommends should be paid by way of dividend, and material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the balance sheet relates and the date of the report. The Board's report shall so far as is material for the appreciation of the state of the Company's affairs by its Members and will not in the Board's opinion be harmful to the business of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, deal with any changes which have occurred during the financial year in the nature of the Company's business, in the Company's subsidiaries or in the nature of the business carried on by them and generally in the classes of business in which the Company has an interest and any other information as may be required by Section 217 of the .Act, The Board shall also give the fullest information and explanations in its report aforesaid or in an addendum to that report, on every reservation, qualification or adverse remark contained in the auditor's report. The Board's report and any addendum thereto shall be signed by its Chairman if he is authorised in that behalf by the Board; and when he is not so authorised, shall be signed by not less than two Directors.

# **Signing of Balance Sheet**

170. The profit and loss account and balance sheet shall be signed by the Secretary if any, and by not less than two Directors, one of whom shall be a Managing Director if there is one, provided that if there is only one Director present in India at the time, the profit and loss account and balance sheet shall be signed by such Director but in such a case there shall be attached to the profit and loss account and balance sheet a statement signed by such Director explaining the reason for noncompliance with the aforesaid provision requiring the signature of Directors. The profit and loss account shall be annexed to the balance sheet and the auditor's report (including the auditor's separate, special or supplementary report, if any), shall be attached thereto, and such report shall be read before the Company in general meeting and shall be open to inspection by any Member,

# Rights of Members to copies of Balance Sheet and Auditor's Report

171. The Company shall comply with the requirements of Section 219 of the Act.

#### **DOCUMENTS AND NOTICES**

### Service of documents or notices on Members by the Company

172. A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on any Member either electronically through email on the email id provided to the company, or personally or by sending it by post to him to his registered address, or (if he has no registered address in India) to the address supplied by him to the Company for serving documents or notices on him.

#### Manner of service of documents or notices

173. Where a document or notice is sent by post, service of the document or notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing: prepaying and posting a letter containing the documents or notice, provided that where a Member has intimated to the Company in advance that documents or notices should be sent to him under a certificate of posting or by registered post with or without acknowledgement due and has deposited with the Company a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of doing so, service of the document or notice shall not be deemed to be effected unless it is sent In the manner Intimated by the Member and such service shall be deemed to have been effected in the case of notice of a Meeting at the expiration of forty-eight hours after the letter containing the document or notice is posted and in any other case at the time of which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post. –

# By Advertisement

174. A document or notice advertised in a newspaper circulating in the city in which the office of the Company is situated shall be deemed to be duly served or sent on the day on which the Advertisement appears on or to every Member who has no registered address in India and has not supplied to the Company an address within India for the serving of documents on or the sending of notice to him.

# On personal representatives, etc.

175. A document or notice may be served or given by the Company on or to persons entitled to a share In consequence of the death or insolvency of a Member by sending Ii through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name or by the title of representative of the deceased, or assignee of the insolvent or by any like description, at the address (if any) in India supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled or (until such an address) has been so supplied by serving the documents or notice in any manner in which the same might have been given if the death or insolvency had not occurred.

# On Joint-holders

176. A document 6r notice may be sewed or given by the Company to the joint holders of share by serving or giving the document or notice on or to the joint holder named first in the register of Members in respect of the share.

### To whom documents or notices must be served or given

- 177. Documents or notices of every General Meeting shall be served or given in some manner hereinbefore authorised on or to
  - (a) every Member,
  - (b) every person entitled to a share In consequence of the death or insolvency of a Member and
  - (c) the Auditor/s for the time being of the Company.

# Members bound by documents or notices served on or given to previous holders

178. Every person, who, by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every document or notice in respect of such shares which prior to his name and address being entered on the Register of Members, shall have been duly served on or giver to the person from whom he derives his title to such share.

# Documents or notices by Company and signature thereof

179. Any document or notice to be served or given by the Company may be signed by a Director or some person duly authorised by the Board of Directors for such purposes and the signature thereto may be written, printed or lithographed.

# Service of documents or notice by Member

180. All documents or notices to be served or given by Members on or to the Company or any officer at the office by post under a Certificate of Posting or by Registered Post, or by leaving it at the office

## WINDING UP

#### **Distribution of Assets**

181. The Liquidator on any winding up (whether voluntary and supervision or compulsory) may with the sanction of a Special Resolution, but subject to the rights attached to any preference share capital, divide among the contributories in specie any part of the assets of the Company and may, with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributors, as the liquidator, with the like sanction shall think fit.

## INDEMNITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

Officer's and others right to indemnity

182. Every officer or agent for the time being of the Company shall be Indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all liability incurred by him in relation to the business of the Company in defending any proceedings whether civil or criminal in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under Section 463 of the Act in which relief Is granted to him by the Court.

# Directors, Managers etc. not liable for acts of others

183. Subject to the provisions of the Act, no Director, Managing Director, Wholetime Director or other officer of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Director or officer or for joining in any receipt or other act for conformity or for any loss or expenses happening to the company

through insufficiency of deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the monies of the Company shall be invested or for any loss or damages arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortuous act of any person, company or corporation, within whom any moneys, securities, or effects shall be entrusted or deposited or for any loss occasioned by way of error of judgement or oversight on his part or for any other loss or damage or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happens through his own dishonesty.

\* \* \* \* \* \*

IV. We, the several persons, whose name and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being Formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum Of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the company set against our respective names:-

Name, address, description and occupation of each subscriber	taken by each	Signature of witness with address, description and occupation
Nalini Shewakramani W/o Vishamber shewakramani  15-A, Sett Minar, Pedder Road, Bombay-400026  Business	10 (Ten) Equity Shares	Witness Babulal Jain  S/o. Late Shri Harak Chand Jain 43, Onlooker Building, Sir P.M. Road, Bombay- 400001. Chartered Accountant
Vijay Shewakramani S/o. Jamnomal Ramchand 15-A, Sett Minar, Pedder Road, Bombay- 400026 Business	10 (Ten) Equity Shares	Sd/-
Total	20 (Twenty) Equity Shares	

Dated this 8th day of August, 2022